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153 Newton Street
South Hadley, MA 01075
TEL: 413.538.5063
FAX: 413.532.6538

Dear Students, Parents and Guardians:

On behalf of administration, faculty and staff, we would like to welcome you to South Hadley High School.

As a student at South Hadley High School, you are a member of great community of people. To function effectively, there must be clear norms and guidelines to define how we work together. The **South Hadley High School Student Handbook** has been developed in an effort to outline our expectations, rules and procedures. Please read it carefully and keep it available for future reference. We want our high school to be safe, productive, and pleasant for everyone.

You should be prepared to enter a structured educational environment, which provides challenging academic work and a rich variety of co-curricular and social activities. We hope that you will make good use of our programs, participate fully in the life of this school, and set high goals for yourself.

These years in High School are critical to your intellectual, emotional, social, and physical development. When you leave our high school, you should have a clear picture of your strengths and interests and be capable of matching them to make sound decisions concerning the future. All the adults who work here are prepared to assign and support your efforts.

We sincerely hope you will feel at home here and take pride in being a student in this school. We have an outstanding faculty dedicated to providing each of you with the best education possible, and support the staff that will work hard on your behalf.

South Hadley students have long enjoyed an outstanding reputation for their behavior both in and out of school. We know you will do your part and uphold this fine tradition.

During the year you are certain to have questions, conflicts, and concerns. Please do not hesitate to come and discuss them with any member of the school staff.

Our best wishes for a productive and satisfying year.

Dr. Diana Bonneville
Principal

Mr. Patrick Lemieux
Assistant Principal

All students, regardless of race, color, sex, gender identity, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, disability or homelessness, have equal access to the general education program and the full range of any occupational and vocational education programs offered by the South Hadley Public Schools.

School Committee, Administration and Staff

School Committee

Mr. Kyle Belanger
Mr. John Kelly
Ms. Christine Phillips
Mr. Eric Sarrazin
Ms. Allison Schlachter

Superintendent of Schools

Dr. Nicholas Young 538-5060

Business Administrator

Ms. Angela Wang 538-5057, ext. 2606

Director of Pupil Services

Ms. Kathleen Boyden 538-5072

Principal

Dr. Diana Bonneville 538-5063, ext. 3701

Assistant Principal

Mr. Patrick Lemieux 538-5063, ext. 3702

Administrative Assistants 538-5063

Ms. Deb Pronovost (Guidance) ext. 3727
Ms. Paula-Jean Provost (Principal) ext. 3704
Ms. Theresa Sarrazin (Main Office) ext. 3721

Guidance Director / Adjustment Counselor

Ms. Elizabeth Wood 538-5063, ext. 3717

Guidance Department 538-5063

Ms. Marie Lekarczyk ext. 3724
Mr. Andy Meeker ext. 3712
Ms. Karen Eempio ext. 3722

Nurse

Ms. Sara Smith 538-5063, ext. 3705

School Resource Officer

Office Steve Fleming 538-5063, ext. 3713

Section 1: Academic Information

Core Values, Beliefs, and Learning Expectations:

South Hadley High School will provide a safe, supportive and positive school community that fosters personal, social and intellectual growth, as well as challenges and engage all students to become global citizens and life-long learners.

Core Values:

The faculty and staff of South Hadley High School are committed to:

- Providing engaging, varied, and challenging curricula, instruction, and assessment to all learners;
- Providing learning activities that facilitate critical thinking, creative problem solving, practical application of skills and effective, appropriate use of technology;
- Providing a supportive learning community where diversity is respected, and students demonstrate responsible behavior;
- Encouraging students to expand their learning by actively engaging in co-curricular activities;
- Empowering students to become self-directed, active learners; and
- Empowering students to become self-advocates and effective communicators.

Learning Expectations:

- Read and write effectively;
- Communicate and listen effectively; and
- Think critically and problem solve creatively, independently and collaboratively.

Civic and Social Expectations:

- Demonstrate individual responsibility for one's own learning; and
- Demonstrate appropriate time management skills, respectful behavior, and ability to resolve conflicts.

Accreditation Statement

South Hadley High School is accredited by the New England Association of Schools and Colleges, Inc., a non-governmental, nationally recognized organization whose affiliated institutions include elementary schools through collegiate institutions offering post-graduate instruction.

Our high school is fully accredited. Re-accreditation occurs every ten years. Our last self-study was completed in 2015. The NEASC re-accreditation committee is scheduled to visit SHHS October 23-26, 2013. Information regarding our progress will be shared in newsletter and press releases.

Accreditation of an institution by the New England Association indicates that the institution meets or exceeds criteria for the assessment of institutional quality periodically applied through a peer group review process. An accredited school or college is one which has available the necessary resources to achieve its stated purposes through appropriate educational programs, is substantially doing so, and gives reasonable evidence that it will continue to do so in the foreseeable future. Institutional integrity is also addressed through accreditation.

Accreditation by the New England Association is not partial but applies to the institution as a whole. As such, it is not a guarantee of the quality of every course or program offered or of the competence of individual graduates. Rather, it provides reasonable assurance about the quality of opportunities available to students who attend South Hadley High School.

Advanced Placement Courses

All students who register for AP courses are expected to pay for and take the AP exam in May. A partial payment of \$70.00 will be due before the start of class in September. The remainder of the money (approximately \$25.00 per exam) will be due in January.

There is a reduced fee for each exam for students who are recipients of free or reduced lunch. Students who withdraw from the course before October 23rd will have their money returned to them. If at any point after October 23rd a student withdraws from the AP course, the student will still be responsible for the cost of the exam. AP Biology and AP Chemistry have been extended from 57 minute classes to 114 minutes (2 blocks) to incorporate time for laboratory experiences and capstone project preparation time. This lab period cannot be waived. Students will receive 6 A Biology/AP Chemistry credits and 6 AP lab credits.

Agendas

Agendas will be distributed to each student during the first week of school. Use of the organizational part of the agenda is a critical element for your success. Students who have lost their agenda may purchase another one for \$5.00 in the main office.

Audit Requirements

While students generally elect a course for academic credit, there are circumstances that warrant an audit. Any student, who should like to do so, should conference with a counselor and seek approval of the department chair and Principal.

College Entrance Testing

South Hadley High School's College Board number is 222-005.

All college bound students should follow this recommended test schedule:

- Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Test – October of junior year
- Scholastic Aptitude Test – spring of junior year
- Scholastic Aptitude Test – repeated fall of senior year

Students usually take the Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Test/National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test (PSAT/NMSQT) in October of their junior year. It is a practice for the SAT/ACT, which is used as a scholarship-qualifying test (NMSQT). The SAT and/or ACT is usually taken for the first time by students in the spring of their junior year. The SAT/ACT scores are useful to college admission officers in comparing the preparation and ability of applicants from different high schools that may vary widely in their courses and grading standards.

SAT II tests are one-hour subject examinations given by the College Board. Many high education institutions require one to three subject tests for admission. They are often used to place students into courses once students have been accepted to a college. English and mathematics achievement tests can be taken at the end of the junior year and in January of the senior year. For other subjects, it is usually advisable to take an achievement test in a subject immediately following successful completion of the course. Also, some colleges use the American College Testing Program rather than the College Boards.

Time deadlines for college admissions should be observed. There are no uniform application deadlines; therefore, applicants are urged to become aware of such dates and to be sure to meet the specific time requirements of each college. The application process should be started well in advance of the stated deadline.

Course Change Process

Changing or dropping a course is a very important decision to make. Therefore, it should not be made lightly. Students are strongly discouraged from withdrawing from courses after the 10 day add/drop periods because such withdrawal will be reflected on the student's transcript. Requests after the 10 day add/drop period must be evaluated by the administration. Any student needing to withdraw from a course after the ten day add/drop period must complete the following procedure:

1. Confer with a guidance counselor to request a course change form;
2. Meet with the teacher of the course and obtain their written opinion, current grade and signature;
3. Meet with the appropriate department chair to obtain his/her written opinion on course change;
4. Take completed course change form home for written parent/guardian opinion and signature;
5. Submit course change form to the guidance director/administration for final determination; and
6. Return the signed course change form to your guidance counselor.

Student should be aware that they must attend ALL scheduled classes until a course change has been finalized. Once a student drops a course a "WP" or "WF" will entered for the next marking period AND on the student's final transcript.

Family Vacations

Parent/guardians and students are reminded that Massachusetts Law required compulsory attendance for students. We strongly discourage family vacations when school is in session. In addition to compromising the attendance law, family vacations interrupt the educational process of each course in ways that make-up work cannot reverse. Teachers will try but are not required to give out homework assignments prior to a family vacation. Parents/guardians must notify the principal in advance.

Chronic absenteeism may lead to academic failure for the year.

Equal Educational Opportunities

In recognition of the diversified characteristics and needs of our students and with the keen desire to be responsive to them, the School Committee will make every effort to protect the dignity of the students as individuals. It also will offer careful consideration and sympathetic understanding of their personal feelings, particularly with reference to their race, color, sex, gender identity, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, pregnancy or pregnancy related conditions, or physical and intellectual differences.

To accomplish this, the Committee and its staff will make every effort to comply with the letter and the spirit of the Massachusetts equal educational opportunities law, which prohibits discrimination in public school admissions and programs. The law reads as follows:

No child shall be excluded from or discriminated against in admission to a public school of any town, or in obtaining the advantages, privileges and course of study of such public school on account of race, color, sex, gender identity, religion, national origin or sexual orientation.

This will mean that every student will be given equal opportunity in school admission, admissions to courses, course content, guidance, and extracurricular and athletic activities.

All implementing provision issued by the Board of Education in compliance with this law will be followed.

Extra Help

Teachers are available for additional support and assistance after school. Students should speak with their teachers to arrange this support.

Grading and Progress Reports

Progress Reports and Report Cards

Report cards are issued at the close of each quarter (November, January, March/April and June). Progress reports are issued at the midpoint of each quarter to all students. This type of report may also be issued at other times during the year to keep parents informed. Each quarter will close at the end of approximately 45 school days. The chart below represents the dates that grades would closed without cancellations. The actual dates will be amended as the year progresses if needed.

Quarter	Progress Reports		Report Cards	
	Mid-Point	Issued	Grades Close	Issued
1 st	October 3	October 9	November 2	November 7
2 nd	December 10	December 13	January 18	January 24
3 rd	March 1	March 6	April 3	April 8
4 th – seniors	May 6	May 9	May 30	June 7
4 th	May 14	May 17	June 17	Mailed home

Final Assessment

All students are required to take final assessments. Final assessments for semester courses are 20% of a student's final grade. For year-long courses, midterms are 10% and final exams are 10% of a student's final grade. As a senior privilege, seniors can leave once they are finished with their midterms and final exams – returning for other classes is at the teacher's discretion. Any senior who has a year-end grade of 93 or above is exempt from taking a final exam for that course. Any student in grades 9-11 who has a year-end grade of 95 or above is exempt from taking a final exam for that course (full year or semester course). Students who are exempt from a final exam can come in late (without a note) or leave early (with a note provided), but need to sign in and out at the main

office. There are no midterm exemptions. If a student is unable to take a final assessment at the scheduled time, he/she needs to meet with the Principal prior to the scheduled assessment. The Principal will review the reason(s) with the student and can grant a waiver for the students to take the exam at a different time. If a student fails to complete any of the final obligations in any course (term papers, final exams, final projects, etc.), he/she will not be awarded credit for the course.

Incomplete Quarter or Course Grades

Incomplete course grades are given only for work missed due to legitimate absences from class. Incomplete grades are issued at the discretion of the teacher and must be approved by administration. All work must be made up within two weeks of the issuance of the report card except in extenuating circumstances where the Principal has approved a waiver. The student will not receive credit for the course if these conditions are not met. Students with two or more Incompletes will not be academically eligible for athletics until grades are issued.

Honor Roll

Recognizing student achievement is important for students and families, especially in terms of confidence and motivation. While we most certainly are very proud of the effort and hard work ethic instilled in our students, honor roll recognizes students for their scholastic achievement and mastery of skills over effort. Therefore, we hold students to high academic expectations. Eligibility for the Honor Roll includes all grades in every course. Standards for the Honor Roll fall into two categories:

High Honors	All grades 93 or above
Honors	All grades 83 or above

Our Honor Roll is published in the newspaper for each quarter.

Make-Up Work

It is the responsibility of the student to make up all missed assignments, tests or quizzes. Unless arrangements are made, the student may have as many days as missed in order to make up the work. For example, if a student is absent for two days, the student will have two days to make up the required work. A minimum 24 hour notice is required to prepare materials should the parent/guardian wish to make a request for student assignments prior to an absence.

If a student is absent several days prior to a test but is in attendance on the day of the test, the student is responsible for meeting with the teacher to reschedule the test.

Because we expect students to attend school 100% of the time, we strongly encourage families to take vacation outside of school time. However, if there a special circumstance where a family must take a vacation during scheduled school days, students are strongly urged to request make-up work and create a make-up schedule with the teacher prior to the vacation period. All make-up work must be completed within ten (10) days of returning to school.

Summer School

Students electing to take remedial summer courses must select courses with the same title and course contents as the course offered at South Hadley High. Exceptions must receive approval of our Principal. Students will be able to take up to two summer school classes. Prior to take a summer school remedial course, the student must have completed the course at South Hadley High School and **have a final year end grade of at least a 50% average**. We reserve the right to deny admission to summer school for any student who has not shown seriousness of purpose in a particular subject during the previous academic year. We also reserve the right to test students upon completion of summer school.

Promotion Procedures

Students need to earn a certain number of credits each year to be promoted to the next grade level. The number of credits needed at each grade level is related to the number of credits needed for graduation reflected on the chart below. **All 9th graders must successfully pass English and Math in order to advance to sophomore status regardless of credit status**. Students who do not earn sufficient credits to move to the next grade level will be retained in their current grade level.

Students who choose to take summer school to remediate failing grades or to accumulate additional credits may present proof of passing those courses to guidance at the beginning of a school year to inclusion in their permanent record in order to be placed at the appropriate grade level.

Credits for Graduation and Promotion

Maximum credits possible = 168 (4 years x 6 credits per course x 7 courses per year). Qualifying seniors may apply for the differentiated diploma through their guidance counselor, which requires only 126 credits for graduation.

Credits needed for graduation	Credits needed for promotion to 12 th grade	Credits needed for promotion to 11 th grade	Credits needed for promotion to 10 th grade
152	110	68	26

Senior Class Valedictorian and Salutatorian

Since schools have different courses and academic levels, students must have completed three full years at South Hadley High School in order to be recognized as class valedictorian or salutatorian. In order for this recognition to be based on the most accurate grades while ensuring academic rigor throughout the year, class valedictorian and salutatorian will be selected once final grades are submitted instead of at the end of the first semester. This criteria would include second semester grades and final exam grades, which is a more accurate reflection of student learning.

Guidance

The main objective of the Guidance and Counselling Offices in the South Hadley Public Schools is to provide counseling and related services to meet the varied need of the students, school, and community. Each student is considered as a whole individual and is assisted in becoming as self-directed as possible in relation to his/her total environment. Each student, as needed, will be assisted in the decision making process and in the understanding of self, thereby initiating successful modification of behavior to meet the demand of the environment.

Course selection and planning for the future, whether it means going to college or seeking a job, are among the most important decisions that a young person makes during his/her high school years. Guidance personnel offer aid in selecting appropriate courses for either purpose, and are available to help the student to match his/her ability, occupational or educational goals, and personal interests to the academic program.

Homework

In selecting courses, student should be aware of expectations regarding daily work outside of class. Most subjects will require 30 to 40 minutes of homework each day, with greater demands in accelerated courses. Since every student has their own individual needs and learning styles, these times will vary. Students are to be prepared for all classes each and every day.

Hours of Operation

Classes are in session from 7:23am to 2:01 pm with the Main Office being open from 7:00am to 3:30pm. The Guidance Office is open from 7:00am to 3:00pm.

Students must procure all required items from their lockers at the end of the school day, and prior to leaving for home. Students who remain on school grounds after school hours must have a valid educational or extra-curricular purpose. The absence of a reason will be grounds for removal from school property.

Parent Conferences

If a parent desires a conference with a teacher, he/she should contact the teacher directly or leave the teacher a voicemail message. If the parent desires a conference with a group of teachers, the student's guidance counselor should be contacted at 538-5063.

Schedule Rotation

The school day is divided into seven academic periods. These periods are identified with number 1-7. The periods are then incorporated into a full rotation over seven consecutive school days. This daily rotation is identified with number, 1-7. (Example: Day 1 drops period 1 and begins with period 2, Day 2 drops period 2 and begins with period 1 and then period 3, Day 3 drops period 3 and begins with period 1, then period 2 and then period 4, etc.)

On days when school is cancelled, the daily rotation will continue to advance. The order of class periods will be the same of the day school returns to session as it would have been had school not been cancelled. For example, if school is cancelled because of a snowstorm on a Tuesday/Day 4 and resumes the next day on Wednesday; the Wednesday remains Day 5.

Special Education

The South Hadley Public Schools are required to provide free appropriate education services for all students three (3) through twenty-one (21) years of age who have been identified as having a special need. A team will prescribe an Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) for a student upon the determination of a special need.

School Age Child with Special Need

A child with special needs is a school age child who, because of a disability consisting of a developmental delay or an intellectual, sensory, neurological, emotional, communication, physical, specific learning or health impairment or combination thereof, is unable to progress effectively in regular education and requires special education services in order to successfully develop his/her individual educational potential. However, no child shall be determined to be a student with special needs solely because of the child's behavior that violated the school's disciplinary code, and provided that use of the word disability in this section shall not be used to provide a bases for labeling or stigmatizing the child or defining the need of the child, and shall in no way limit the services, program, and integration opportunities provided to the child.

Please see your guidance counselor if you believe you are in need of Special Education Services.

Student Records

General Provisions

The student record contains all information concerning a student that is kept by the school. Each student and parent/guardian with physical custody has the right to see his or her own student records. Copies of any information in the records may be obtained upon request.

The student's record is available to school contracted personnel who work directly with the student, including administrators, teachers, counselors, administrative office, staff and clerical personnel. They do not need permission to see student records. No information in the student's record is available to anyone outside the school system without written permission from the students and/or parent and/or guardian. Exceptions to this would be a probation officer, court order or upon transfer to another school district. However, students and parents will be notified before these records are released. A written release must be signed to have any part of the school record sent outside of the school. This includes, but is not limited to prospective employers, other technical school, colleges, and military services.

A parent, or student who has entered the ninth grade or is at least 14 years old, has the right to inspect all portions of the student record upon request. The record must be made available to the parent or student no later than two days after the request, unless the parent or student consents to a delay.

The parent and student have the right to receive copies of any part of the record, although a reasonable fee may be charged for the cost of duplicating the materials. Finally, the parent and student may request to have parts of the record interpreted by a qualified professional of the school, or may invite anyone else of their choosing to inspect or interpret the record with them.

The student and parent/guardian have the right to request to add relevant information to the student's record as well as the right to request removal of information believed to be untrue or incorrect.

Directory Information Notice

The South Hadley Public Schools has designated certain information contained in the education records of its students as directory information for purposes of the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and the Student Record Regulations at 603 CMR 23.00 et seq.

The following information regarding students is considered directory information: (1) name, (2) address, (3) telephone number, (4) date and place of birth, (5) major field of study, (6) participation in officially recognized activities and sports, (7) weight and height of member of athletic teams, (8) dates of attendance, (9) degrees, honors and awards received, (10) post high school plans of the student.

Directory information may be disclosed for any purpose in the discretion of the school system, without the consent of a parent of a student or an eligible student. Parents of students and eligible students have the right, however, to refuse to permit the designation of any or all of the above information as directory information. In that case, this information will not be disclosed except with the consent of a parent or student, or as otherwise allowed by FERPA and 603 CMR 23.00 et seq.

Any parent or student refusing to have any or all of the designated directory information disclosed must file written notification to this effect with the Principal on or before the 15th day of each September.

In the event that a refusal is not filed, it is assumed that neither a parent of a student or eligible student objects to the release of the directory information designated.

Rights of Parents with No Physical Custody

It is necessary for divorced parents to submit a copy of the custody agreement or order so that the school system may identify which of the parents has physical custody of the child.

Access Procedures for Non-Custodial Parents: As required by M.G.L. c. 71, § 34H, a non-custodial parent may have access to the student record in accordance with the following provisions:

1. A non-custodial parent is eligible to obtain access to the student record unless:
 - a. the parent has been denied legal custody based on a threat to the safety of the student or to the custodial parent, or
 - b. the parent has been denied visitation or has been ordered to supervised visitation, or
 - c. the parent's access to the student or to the custodial parent has been restricted by a temporary or permanent protective order, unless the protective order (or any subsequent order modifying the protective order) specifically allows access to the information contained in the student record.
2. The school shall place in the student's record documents indicating that a non-custodial parent's access to the student's record is limited or restricted pursuant to 603 CMR 23.07 (5)(a).
3. In order to obtain access, the non-custodial parent must submit a written request for the student record to the school Principal.
4. Upon receipt of the request the school must immediately notify the custodial parent by certified and first class mail, in English and the primary language of the custodial parents, that it will provide the non-custodial parent with access after 21 days, unless the custodial parent provides the Principal with documentation that the non-custodial parent is not eligible to obtain access as set forth in 603 MCR 23.07 (5)(a).
5. The school must delete the electronic and postal address and telephone number of the student and custodial parent from student records provided to non-custodial parents. In addition, such records must be marked to indicate that they shall not be used to enroll the student in another school.
6. Upon receipt of a court order which prohibits the distribution of information pursuant to G.L. c. 71, § 34H, the school shall notify the non-custodial parent that it shall cease to provide access to the student record to the non-custodial parent.

Regulatory Authority: 603 CMR 23.00: M.G.L. c. 71, 34D, 34F

Amending Your Child's Record

1. A parent has the right to add information, comments, data, or any other relevant written material to the student's record. The parent should submit the additional information in writing to the Principal with a written request that the information be added to the student record.
2. A parent has the right to request in writing deletion or correction of any information contained in the student's record, except for information, which was inserted into that record by the TEAM. Such information inserted by the TEAM shall not be subject to such a request until after the acceptance of the Individual Educational Plan (IEP), or, if the IEP is rejected, after the completion of the special education appeal process. Any deletion or amendment shall be made in accordance with the procedure described below:
 - a. If a parent is of the opinion that adding information is not sufficient to explain, clarify or correct objectionable material in the student's records, the parent shall present the objection in writing and/or

have the right to have a conference with the Principal or his/her designee to make the objections known.

- b. The Principal or his/her designee shall within one week after the conference or receipt of the objection, if no conference was requested, render to such parent a decision in writing, stating the reason or reasons for the decision. If the decision is in favor of the parent, the Principal or his/her designee shall promptly take such steps as may be necessary to put the decision into effect.
- c. If the Principal's decision is not satisfactory to the parent, the parent may file an appeal to the Superintendent. Such appeal shall be in writing and submitted to the Superintendent within five (%) business days of receipt of the Principal's decision. The Superintendent shall render a written decision on the appeal within two (2) weeks of receipt of the written appeal.
- d. If the Superintendent's decision is not satisfactory to the parent, the parent may appeal to the School Committee by filing a written appeal within five (5) business days of receipt of the Superintendent's decision. The School Committee shall conduct a hearing as required on the appeal as required by 603 CMR § 23.09 (4).

Notice on Transfer to Other Schools

Pursuant to 603 CMR 23.07 (g), notice is hereby given to parents and eligible students that the South Hadley Public Schools forwards the complete school record of a transferring student to schools in which the student seeks or intends to enroll. Such transfer of records takes place without consent of the parent or eligible student.

Destruction of Records

1. Notice is hereby given that the temporary record of a student will be destroyed no later than five (5) years after that student transfers, graduates or withdraws from the school system. When the student transfers, graduates or withdraws from school, and if the eligible student or the parent/guardian want the temporary record, they must request, in writing, prior to the last day of school, that the documents be provided to them. No additional notice, other than this notice in the handbook, will be provided to the student or his parent/guardian of such destruction.
2. In addition, each year, the Principal and/or teacher and/or other service providers may destroy the following documents that are considered part of the student's temporary records: discipline records (other than documentation of suspensions / expulsions / exclusions), any notes from the parent/guardian or other documents concerning absences, early dismissals, late arrivals, as well as examples of student work. If the eligible student or the parent/guardian want those records, they must request, in writing, prior to the last day of school that the documents be provided to them.

Access to Student Work

During the course of the school year, personally identifiable student work may be seen and reviewed by third parties. For example, personally identifiable student work may be displayed on bulletin boards, at fairs/shows, during Open House and parent teacher conferences, and thus, will be seen by many different people, not just the student, the parent and the teacher. In addition, as an instructional technique, student may be asked to edit, grade, review and/or comment on another student's work. All of this activity is part of the regular educational process and serves to benefit students. By signing the acknowledgement form (or meeting the terms of the acknowledgment form) with this handbook, the student and/or the parent and/or the guardian is hereby agreeing to the disclosure of student work as outlined in this paragraph.

Information to Military

On January 8, 2002, President Bush signed into law the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001. This act grants Armed Forces recruiters access to students and student recruiting information. South Hadley High School is required to provide a copy of out student directory to the Armed Forces in conjunction with the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001. South Hadley High School shall provide

military recruiters the same access to secondary school students as is provided generally to post-secondary education institutions or to prospective employers of those students.

A secondary school student of the parent of the student may request that the student's name, address, and telephone listing not be released without prior parental consent.

You can request that the school not make your student's information available by filing out the designated form and returning it to the Principal's office no later than October 1. If you have any questions or concerns, please call the Principal's office at 538-5063.

Parents who believe their rights have been violated under these regulations may file a complaint with:
Family Policy Compliance Office
U.S. Department of Education
400 Maryland Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20202-8920

Section II: General Information

Academic and Extra-Curricular Conflicts

In any instance where a conflict arises between an academic obligation and an extra-curricular obligation, the academic obligation will take precedent. In these instances, the student shall not be penalized, in any way, for meeting the academic obligation.

Age of Majority

According to Massachusetts Law, when a person reaches the age of 18, he/she is an adult. This means that an 18 year old is permitted to sign legal documents and enter into contract. Consistent with this, is the ability to sign school related documents, including report cards, permission slips, and absence notices. These responsibilities are automatically granted to students who turn 18 years of age.

Any South Hadley High School student who is 18 years of age or older can limit the school's communication with his/her family. Any student wishing to formally initiate the Age of Majority law must write a letter to the Principal requesting the initiation. The student will meet with an administrator to have this law explained. The parents/guardians of the student will be notified in writing that this law is in effect.

Please understand that all school rules still apply to 18 year old students, including class attendance, leaving school grounds, etc. We will respect the status of eighteen year old students and make every effort to extend full rights. An 18 year old student's dismissal will only be recognized if the dismissal slip is signed by an administrator. Failure to seek parental or administrative approval before dismissal will result in disciplinary consequences.

Attendance Policy

South Hadley High School strives to prepare each student to be a productive and successful contributor to our community, and prompt, consistent attendance is an attribute high institutions and the 21st century workforce demand. Regular and punctual school attendance is essential for success in school. Learning is a multi-faceted process optimized by a variety of classroom activities. Attendance is the cornerstone of this process. It is the responsibility of this school and student's parents to nurture and encourage strong work habits to prepare students to be responsible adults. Parents and guardians pursuant with state law have the legal responsibility to ensure that their children are in attendance each day school is in session. Please make every effort to schedule appointments, vacations and other activities outside of school hours.

Students who are absent from school whose parent has called in will be marked as absent verified. Student who are absent without a parent call will be marked as absence unverified. **Please note that absent verified only verifies that the parent acknowledges that their student is not in school and in fact is not truant. Absent verified does not excuse or waive the absence that it related to the attendance policy.**

Attendance will be taken in every class and teachers will record each absence. It is the responsibility of the student to make up class work missed during any absence. The following procedure will be followed:

1. Parents/guardians will contact the school to report a student absent so that school officials know that the parent/guardian is aware of a student's absence from school.
2. Parents/guardians and students should keep pertinent documentation regarding student absences.
3. Students who exceed six (6) absences in a semester course or twelve (12) in a full year course will lose credits for that course.
4. Students who are absent from school will not be allowed to participate in any after school activity on the day of absence. Students who miss school on the Friday before Saturday's prom or cotillion will not be allowed to attend the function. Students are expected to be in school for the entire day.
5. Students who are tardy to school on the day of a field trip will not be permitted to attend the field trip.
6. Students whose tardiness causes them to miss more than half ($\frac{1}{2}$) of a class will be considered absent from class for the purpose of the Attendance Policy.
7. Students who are tardy to school will be considered absent every 3rd time they are tardy to a specific class (3 tardies = 1 absence).

Students will not be penalized for being absent from school for religious reasons.

Parent/guardians are encouraged to contact school staff and work collaboratively with them to correct the reasons that the student is missing school.

Reasonable accommodations to the above policy will be made for students who are absent due to a disability in accordance with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

Tardiness and Early Dismissal

Tardiness and early dismissals from school impact student learning. Therefore, we ask that students be on time for school and remain at school the entire day. If a student will be late, please call the absentee number to report them as tardy. Students who arrive to 1st period after 7:23am will be considered tardy and must report to the main office upon arrival. Tardiness due to school delay via school buses will be excused by the front office after they sick in. Repeated tardiness may result in disciplinary action.

Tardiness to School

Being prompt to school represents an important part of a student's education. Consistent tardiness to school results in the loss of valuable class time that cannot be made up. Second, consistent tardiness develops a poor record of attendance, which is detrimental to future employment and college application. Third, excessive tardiness represents a poor presentation for the reality of life as a responsible adult. The school must take the matter of attendance very seriously. Toward this end, our policy is as follows:

If a student is late to their first period class (after the 7:23 a.m. bell), he/she must sign in to the main office. Every 3rd time a student is signed in tardy to a particular class, he/she will be charged with an absence in that class. As per the attendance policy, a student will lose credit if they accumulate 6 absence in a semester long class or 12 in a yearlong class.

If any student has extenuating circumstances that would properly justify an exception to this policy, he/she should speak directly with the Principal or the Assistant Principal.

Students who fail to sign into school and are present in the building will be subject to the consequences defined by truancy in our Discipline Code.

Tardiness to school resulting in missed classes will represent a "0" for each missed class. This grade will change when assignments are completed to teacher satisfaction. When tardiness results in missing a test or quiz, students are expected to report for a makeup test or quiz that day unless other arrangements are made with the teacher. Failure to do so will result in a "0" grade for that test or quiz.

Attendance and Participation in Athletics and Extra-Curricular Activities to include Prom and Dances

Student must be in school all day (7:23am to 2:01pm) in order to attend or to participate in any school activity, on or off campus. **Unless permission is granted by the Principal or Assistant Principal, students who are tardy, dismissed, or absent unexcused, or have been suspended from school, may not be on school property not attend or participate in any after school activity.** Students who exceed 10 unexcused absences in a semester will forfeit their eligibility for extracurricular activities to include Prom and school dances. If the tardy, absence, dismissal, or suspension occurs on a Friday, students may not participate in or attend any school activity, on or off campus, until the next school day that the student is present for the entire day. Students found violating this policy will be subject to disciplinary action. The families of students who are absent from school will be notified of such status each day via the automated calling system.

Attendance Policy Appeal Process

The student, parent or guardian who wishes to appeal the loss of credit must write a letter requesting a review of the circumstances and the restoration of credit to the High School Principal. The letter must be received within ten (10) calendar days from the date of notification of the credit loss. Upon the receipt of the request for appeal, the Principal may require the submission of third party documentation to substantiate reasons for absences. The Principal will review all materials submitted. The Principal may also require a meeting with the students, parent or guardian. The Principal will render a decision as soon as possible.

Conflict Resolution

There are times when questions, concerns, and conflicts may occur between teachers, staff, students, and parent/guardians. The best interest of the student is served when there is open communication among all parties. When a conflict does arise, it needs to be addressed as quickly as possible, in order that it is resolved as soon as possible. However, a chain of command must be followed. The procedure that should be used when handling conflicts is as follows:

1. **Meet with the Teacher/Staff Member.** The student should present the issue to the teacher/staff member as soon as possible. The student is encouraged to communicate his/her feelings in a one-on-one meeting with the teacher/staff member. If this is not possible, the student's parent/guardian should contact the teacher/staff member to arrange a meeting. Meetings should not be held at the following times or under the following circumstances:
 - a. In public or when other students are present, or
 - b. When it is apparent that there is not sufficient time to complete the conversation.

It is suggested that the meeting takes place at a schedule time, in person or over the phone.

2. Contact the Principal. If a solution has not been reached at step 1, the teacher, staff member, student, or parent/guardian should contact the Principal. While no guarantee can be made that all parties will agree with the result, a better understanding of each other's concerns, perceptions, and decisions may occur as a result of open communication.

Court Orders

It is the parent/guardians' responsibility to inform the School Administration immediately of any special court orders (i.e. restraining, custody, etc.) that must be adhered to due to a court injunction that is in place or occurs during the school year. The safety of your student is very important to us and we want to ensure that the school is following legal guidelines concerning any custody issues.

Directed Study Expectations and Procedures

The expectations for Directed Study are the same as they are for any other academic class, with the exception that students are expected to bring their own academic work. All school rules apply as they would to any other class. Directed Study students may get a signed permission slip to leave school grounds during their Directed Study. All students, even those that are 18 or older, need a signed parental permission slip. Here are the guidelines for leaving during a directed study:

1. Students must sign into the library daily BEFORE signing out in the main office. Failure to do so will result in disciplinary consequences.
2. The permission slip ONLY applies to Directed Study classes, NOT lunches, Academic Tutoring classes, Connections (Work Based Learning Program), or On-Line classes.
3. If a student is consistently tardy back to their next class, administration will revoke an individual's privilege.

4. Parents, guardians and students understand that once they leave the building, the school is not liable for their actions. We do not support students carpooling during the day; however, we cannot prevent this from occurring during Directed Study classes. Administration will not watch the parking lot to determine who is carpooling and who had the legal right to drive with a minor. If you do not want your student to carpool, please raise that topic with your student and/or don't sign the permission slip.
5. If a student leaves the building without proper written permission, disciplinary consequences will follow.

Early Dismissal from School

When it is necessary to leave school early, students would bring a note from their parent/guardian stating the date and time of the dismissal. The note must also include a phone number where the parent/guardian may be reached during that day. All notes for dismissal are to be turned into the main office by 7:25a.m. each day. If, by chance, a student forgets to bring a dismissal note from home, he or she may request that someone in the office call home to confirm the dismissal.

Should a student become ill or have some emergency, he/she must have the approval of an administrator or the school nurse prior to school dismissal. If the student is under the age of 18 the administrator must have contact with a parent or adult relative. Phone calls requesting dismissal of a student must be confirmed before we release the student.

Any student who leaves school without being properly dismissed is subject to the consequences in the Code of Conduct. As a general rule, written notes will not be accepted the day after a student has left school early without permission. Failure to bring a note on the day of dismissal can only be resolved by an administrator.

Students who are dismissed and return to school later in the day must sign in at the main office upon return. Students who miss an announced quiz, test, writing assignment, etc. due to dismissal are who return to school must report to the teacher immediately after school for make-up. If there are extenuating circumstances that prevent this make-up, the student must see the teacher before leaving school.

Emergency Procedures

We have as serious responsibility to insure the safety and well-being of the student body in emergency situations. Practice drills will be held in accordance with our emergency management plans. Since drills, to be effective are not announced in advance, no drill should be treated lightly. Always assume a real emergency does exist.

Building Evacuation

In the event that the school needs to be evacuated, Evacuation will be announced or Fire Alarms will be sounded. An Evacuation may be used for fires, chemical spills, etc.

Student Responsibilities

1. Remain calm and quiet and listen to teacher/staff member instructions.
2. Exit the building via closest accessible door, staying with your classroom teacher or the nearest adult.
3. If area is barricaded, use the next nearest exit.
4. Remain with your classroom teacher or nearest adult and move to the appropriate designated area.
5. Check to see that everyone who was in the class has made it outside.
6. If outside of your classroom for any reason and a code is announced, go immediately to the nearest exit and report to the appropriate designated area for that area. Infor a teacher/staff member where you are supposed to be and which teacher you are supposed to be with.
7. The Principal will give the "all clear" to return to the building after all areas have been reported safe.

A decision will be made among administration, the police and fire departments to determine if a safety threat continues and if it is necessary to move to the designated off-site location (St. Patrick's Church or Plains Elementary Schools). **PARENT SIGNATURE CONFIRMING THAT THEY HAVE READ AND UNDERSTAND THE STUDENT HANDBOOK / CODE OF CONDUCT ALSO GRANTS PERMISSION TO EVACUATE TO THE OFF-SITE LOCATION.**

Lockdown

In the event a student observes or becomes aware of a possible unwanted visitor, he or she should report this immediately to the nearest teacher or staff member.

Student Responsibilities

1. Remain in class or other occupied area.
2. Remain calm and quiet and listen to teacher/staff instructions on what to do. Sit quietly on the floor away from the door or any windows.
3. If outside of your classroom or other area for any reason and a code is announced, go immediately to the nearest occupied classroom or secure area. Inform that teacher/staff member where you are supposed to be and which teacher you are supposed to be with.
4. No one should be in the halls and no passes are allowed until the code is announced "all clear" by the Principal/designee.
5. Principal/designee will give the "all clear" announcement when it is safe to return to normal functions.

Shelter In-Place – Medical Emergency

In the event a student observes or becomes aware of a medical emergency, he or she should report this immediately to the nearest teacher/staff member.

Student Responsibilities

1. Remain calm and quiet and listen to teacher/staff instructions on what to do.
2. Everyone remain seating in the classroom unless instructed to move to another area by a teacher/staff member.
3. If outside of your classroom or other area for any reason and a code is announced, go immediately to the nearest occupied classroom or secure area. Inform that teacher/staff member where you are supposed to be and who you are supposed to be with.
4. No one should be in the halls and no passes are allowed until the code is announced "all clear" from Principal/designee.
5. Principal/designee will give the "all clear" announcement when it is safe to return to normal functions.

Shelter In-Place – Disturbance

In the event a student observes or becomes aware of a disturbance, he or she should immediately report this to the nearest teacher/staff member.

Student Responsibilities

1. Remain calm and quiet and listen to teacher/staff instructions on what to do.
2. Everyone remain seated in the classroom unless instructed to move to another area by a teacher/staff member.
3. If a disturbance is in your room or area and you can safely exit the room, do so and go immediately to the nearest classroom and inform that teacher/staff member of the disturbance and where you are supposed to be.
4. If outside of your classroom or other are for any reason and a code is announced, go immediately to the nearest occupied classroom or secure area. Inform that teacher/staff member where you are supposed to be and who you are supposed to be with.
5. No one should be in the halls and no passes are allowed until the code is announced "all clear" from Principal/designee.
6. Principal/designee will give the "all clear" announcement when is it safe to return to normal functions.

Extra-Curricular Activities / Sports Attendance

Students are encouraged to participate in the wide variety of clubs and activities available at the high school. Attendance in school is a prerequisite for participation in extra-curricular events and therefore students who participate in all sports or extra-curricular activities will be required to follow the same regulations:

1. In order for a student to participate in a practice or game, club activity, or event, he/she must be in school by 8:00 a.m.
2. If a student is to be excused after 8:00 a.m., a note from a parent to the Athletic Director (athletic) or Assistant Principal (other activities) must be submitted 24 hours in advance explaining the reason for the excuse.
 - a. Only medical and legal excuses will be accepted.
 - b. If the note is not submitted, the student will not be allowed to participate in the practice or game, activity, or event, on the day he/she is excused.
 - c. Violations of this rule may also result in further game and practice suspensions.

In emergency situations, the Athletic Director or Assistant Principal may waive this rule after consultation with parents.

All students who participate in any extra-curricular activities, including but not limited to athletics, band or other musical ensembles, Harlequins, Peer Leaders, Student Council, or School Council must follow MIAA guidelines and disciplinary consequences. A student that is caught using drugs/alcohol/tobacco after school hours will be treated the same, regardless if the student is an athlete, musician or other extra-curricular participant. Student will sit out 25% of season for first offense and 60% for second offense. Each subsequent offense is an additional offense and will carry over from year to year.

Field Trips and/or Exchange Trips

Field trips are an important part of the curriculum and represent a great opportunity for students. We must have assigned parental permission slip returned to the teacher 48 hours prior to the trip. Administration will review the names of students attending. Students whose behavior on a previous field trip represents a potential problem may be directed to remain at school. Student behavior must be particularly good at all times during such a trip. Misconduct jeopardizes the reputation of the school and the opportunity for others to participate. Students attending a field trip or exchange trip must secure the work that will be missed for the day(s) in advance. Teachers will notify students, in writing, the completion date for this work. Teachers will also provide students with the date/time to make-up missed tests or quizzes.

Food and Drink

A new beverage rule was implemented in 2015, allowing students to drink beverages in class. This rule is linked to our attendance policy. If a student is tardy to school without a doctor's note or administrative approval, the beverage will be confiscated. Food cannot be consumed in any area of the building than in the Cafeteria or halls. Individual teachers may request exceptions to this rule from the Principal for specific and special events. Students with medical dietary needs must make them known to the school nurse. Students with religious dietary needs must make them known to their guidance counselor or the school administration. At no time during the school day are students allowed to leave the building to acquire food and drink (except those with signed Directed Study permission slips or seniors who have earned lunch privileges), nor are they allowed to accept deliveries.

Guideline for Cotillion, Proms, and Other Dances

Students are allowed to sponsor outside of school guests but must fill out the permission slip, show proof of age that the guest is under 21, and receive pre-approval of the guest by administration. Administration may deny approval if student is over the age of twenty, has a poor discipline record in another school or if administration deems the guest's presence will negatively influence the environment.

Library

Elliot B. Lyman Library houses an up-to-date collection of print and audiovisual materials inclusive of a comprehensive collection of reference materials available for study and research. The collection is searchable through our Winnebago online card catalog system or online by using MassCat, a public online index of our library media materials. Full text periodicals are searchable online using our subscription to InfoTrac, sponsored by the Massachusetts Library Information Network. See the Librarian for detailed information on how to use these resources.

The library is an academic space; all regular school rules apply. Students using the library independently (during a directed study, lunch, break, or other free time) are expected to be quiet and focused on reading or studying so that an academic environment may be maintained. A student may have their independent library use privileges suspended at the discretion of the librarian or other faculty member.

Rules and Regulations

1. Individual students needing to use the library must obtain a purple library pass from their teacher, which signifies that they have work to do that requires the library space or resources and that the directed study teacher has granted approval. The library pass needs to have a brief description of what the student needs to accomplish in the library.
2. Upon entering the library every student must sign into the attendance book. This sign-in represents the student's official record of his/her attendance. This record is used to clarify conflicts with attendance reporting.
3. Students are expected to behave in accordance with the school rules at all times in the library. The library is intended to be a place for academic research and study, not a social center. Students using the library in an inappropriate way will be asked to return to their academic class.
4. Preference for computer use will always be to classes that have previously reserved them.
5. Students using the computers in the library will be required to sign in to a logbook for that station. Computer use is intended to support the school's academic program or students' individual intellectual pursuits. Use of computer games, chat rooms, etc. will be actively discouraged.
6. Printing from the computers is limited to class-related work only.
7. Students using computers in the library will be expected to follow the Electronic Information Acceptable Use Policy. (Appendix B)

Material Loan Procedures

1. The loan period for books and materials is four weeks with the opportunity to renew materials for another four weeks. Please remember all CD-ROMS, dictionaries, encyclopedias, periodicals, and other reference materials are for use within the library or by teacher loan only.
2. Notices will be sent to students with overdue materials. Failure to return library materials after three months will result in students not being allowed to check-out additional materials until the materials are returned. A student is responsible to pay for all lost or damaged library materials. Library books and materials not returned at the end of the year will be charged to the student at the cost of an equivalent replacement.
3. To facilitate end-of-the-year closing procedures, all library materials will be due the second Monday in June. After that date, materials will be available for in-library or overnight use only.

Lockers

Students are assigned lockers by both our office staff and our physical education staff. Students must secure their clothing and valuable by locking their lockers and not give out their combination to anyone. Students who have a problem with their lockers should seek assistance in the front office. Students should not keep their belonging in any locker other than the ones they have been assigned.

Lockers are the property of the South Hadley Public Schools, and students should have no expectation of privacy regarding the contents of their lockers. The administration has the right to enter any student locker in the school. The administration can and will conduct searches of students' lockers whenever there is a reasonable basis for doing so.

Lost and Found

Anything found in or around the building or on school buses should be turned into the library. Books and notebooks will be returned to the owners if they can be identified. Article, such as clothing, should be marked with your name. Those articles not claimed, will be kept until the end of the year. If still unclaimed, those articles will be donated to a charitable organization.

Lunch

Students are expected to eat lunch in the cafeteria. Students may also eat in the nurse's office, guidance suite, and library, or with permission, an individual teacher's room. Seniors may earn the privilege of leaving during lunch. All seniors, even those that are 18 or older, need a signed parental permission slip. Since lunch is only 25 minutes long, seniors must be mindful to return to school in a timely manner or lunch privileges will be revoked.

No School Announcements

On days when storms, poor traveling conditions, or building emergencies exist, the superintendent of schools, at his discretion, may decide that school will be delayed or cancelled. Announcements to that effect will be given at a reasonable hour, usually by 6:15 a.m. to local radio station, such as WHYN, WAQY and TV stations 22 and 40. Additionally, parents and student will receive an "all call" from the Superintendent's Office. Parents should use their judgment any time they believe that the weather poses a threat to the health or safety of their children. Closing and delays will also be posted on Twitter: @DianaBonneville.

Passes

Students must not leave a classroom or library without a pass from a teacher. With the exception of cases of clear emergency, students should use bathrooms and lockers between periods.

Re-Entry into School

Students returning to school after a hospitalization, prolonged illness or crisis intervention referral are required to notify the school nurse, school counselor or an administrator as soon as possible. At least one school day prior to the student's return to school, a re-entry meeting will be held with the student, parent/guardian, school counselor, nurse, and any other appropriate staff to determine what accommodations may need to be implemented in order to ensure a successful return to school. At this re-entry meeting we will require a Hospital Discharge Summary or a letter from the student's treating physician indicating that the student is mentally and physically well to safely return to school.

The student's well-being is paramount to the South Hadley High School staff and we encourage you to contact us with any questions or concerns regarding this process. All information shared with the re-entry team is confidential and will be shared with appropriate staff only with student/parent/guardian permission.

School Choice

It is the policy of this school district to adopt non-resident students under the terms and conditions of the Interdistrict School Choice Law (M.G.L. 76:12B) and under the following local conditions:

1. That by May 1 of every school year, the administration will determine the number of spaces in each school available to choice students.
2. That if consideration is being given to withdraw from the provisions of the Choice Law for that year, the School Committee will hold a public hearing and take a vote prior to June 1. If the School Committee votes not to participate that must be reported to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.
3. That the selection of non-resident students for admission when the number of requests exceeds the number of available spaces be in the form of a random drawing. There will be a drawing for this purpose. It will take place by the last week of the current school year but no later than July 1st.
4. Any student who is accepted for admission under the provisions of this policy is entitled to remain in the district until graduation from high school, except if there is a lack of funding of the program.
5. The School Committee affirms its position that it shall not discriminate in the admission of any child on the basis of race, religious creed, national origin, sex, gender identity, age, sexual orientation, pregnancy or pregnancy related conditions, athletic performance, physical handicap, special need, academic performance or proficiency in the English language.

Senior Lunch Privileges

All seniors are eligible to apply for lunch privileges, allowing them to leave school grounds during their lunch period. However, certain conditions must be met in order to earn this privilege: no D's or F's on the last report card and adherence to the attendance

policy. Students who do not meet these criteria can speak with administration about earning these privileges with marked improvements. All students must sign out and in at the main office and have a signed permission slip on file, regardless of age. Tardies will be closely monitored, and anyone who is tardy returning from lunch three or more times will have their lunch privileges suspended. Anyone who drives someone who does not have this privilege will automatically lose their privileges, as well.

Student Council and Class Officer Election Procedures

1. All candidates must have nomination papers with fifteen valid South Hadley High School students' signatures and a written statement of qualifications turned in by the date specified by the Student Council Advisor. No write-in votes or candidates will be considered.
2. All candidates must have their speeches/publicity posters approved by the Student Council Advisor or his/her designee.
3. Speeches/posters will be reviewed for:
 - a. Common sense rules of civility and appropriateness
 - b. Use of candidates' actual name
 - c. Quantity (reasonable number of posters around school)
4. During the actual voting period, campaign ad posters must be kept away from voting tables/area.
5. No candy and/or favors can be given out during the assembly at which speeches are given.

Student Health Services

Our experienced registered nurse staffs the health office. Health services center on emergency care and assisting those who become ill while at school. Ill students are dismissed. There are no provisions to allow ill students to remain in school. Your private physician must deal with injuries and illnesses that occur at home. The health office is prepared only to deal with "in school" needs.

All prescription and non-prescription medication must be brought to school by a parent/guardian in the original container, be clearly labeled with the student's name, name of medication, daily dosage, time during the school day when the medication is to be taken, side effects, if any, which could be expected, and other pertinent information. A written doctor's order and signed consent from the parent/guardian must accompany the medication. (Forms are available from the nurse.)

Students who need to see the nurse during a scheduled class must report to the nurse with a pass from the teacher. Obviously, in cases of real emergency, students should go directly to the nurse.

Students who need to see the nurse during passing times must get a pass from their upcoming classroom teacher first and then go see the nurse. Students will not be admitted to the nurse without a pass except in extreme emergencies.

School Immunization Law

Chapter 76, Section 15 of the General Law of Massachusetts

Section 15:

"No child shall, except as hereinafter provided, be admitted to school except upon presentation of a physician's certificate that the child has been successfully immunized against diphtheria, pertussis, tetanus, measles, and poliomyelitis, and such other communicable diseases may be specified from time to time by the Department of Public Health"

Beginning on September 1, 2011 the Department of Public Health Regulation 105 CMR 220.50 added:

1. Requirement of a single dose of Tdap vaccine for students attendance seventh grade or 12 years of age or older.
2. Requirement of two doses of live measles, mumps, and rubella vaccine for students attendance kindergarten and grade seven or 12 year of age or older.
3. Requirement of three doses of hepatitis B vaccine for students in grade K-12 and all ungraded classrooms.
4. Requirement of two doses of varicella vaccine for students in grades kindergarten and seven. By September 1, 2017, this requirement will apply to all students attending grades K-12.

According to the above Massachusetts Immunization Laws, South Hadley Public Schools **MUST** require proof of the required immunizations before a child can be admitted to school. If you do not provide this documentation, your child will be **DENIED ADMITTANCE** to school until proof is presented. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts does not allow the school any leeway in this matter.

South Hadley Public Schools are required to keep an immunization record on file for each student enrolled in the school.

1. The record must contain as a minimum, the month and year of each immunization and be signed by the health care provider.
2. Immunization histories must be up to date for each child.
3. A history of disease – specific diagnosis by a physician will be accepted in lieu of immunization except rubella.

The documentation may take the following form:

- * May be a copy of current school immunization record.
- * May be a doctor's certificate stating type and date of immunization.
- * Copy of any document stating type and date of immunization.

We respectfully ask you to comply with these requirements, as we have no wish to see your child miss any schooling because of a lack of proof of immunization.

Student Visitors

Former graduates of South Hadley High School are welcome to visit but must do so after 2:00 p.m. as not to disrupt the learning environment. Our school policy is to accept only those visitors who have legitimate business in the school. Student guests are always welcome but the following procedure must be followed:

1. Student wishing to have another student visit our school must first get permission from the Principal or Assistant Principal. Written requests signed by the parent/guardian of both the visitor and host student must be submitted 48 hours (two days) in advance. Students who wish to visit the school because they will be attending South Hadley High School next year may also arrange a shadowing visit through guidance.
2. The Principal will notify the affected teachers.
3. The visiting student must register and leave emergency contact information with the Main Office staff on the day of the visit.
4. The visiting student must remain in the company of the South Hadley High School student throughout the day.
5. Any suspected violation of the High School's discipline code by the visiting student will result in immediate termination of visiting privileges.

Work Permits

Work permits are available from the administrative Assistants in the High School's main office.

Section III: Discipline Code

Non-Discrimination Statement

All programs, activities, and employment opportunities are offered without regard to race, color, sex, gender identity, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, disability or homelessness. For information regarding access related to Special Education, Title VI, Title IX and Section 504, please contact the Director of Pupil Personnel Services at 538-5072.

If you feel you may need translation of school information and/or special accommodations or assistance as a result of a handicapping condition, please call (413) 538-5072 (hearing impaired fax to (413) 532-6284 or through Mass Relay Service at 1-800-439-2370) and notify us of your special need.

Si usted necesita alguna adaptación o asistencia especial debido a algún tipo de minusvalía, por favor llame al teléfono (413) 538-5072 (fax para personas con deficiencias auditivas (413) 532-6284 y notifiquenos cuáles son sus necesidades específicas.

Nondiscrimination

Public schools have the responsibility to overcome, insofar as possible, any barriers that prevent children from achieving their potential. The public school system will do its part. This commitment to the community is affirmed by the following states that the School Committee intends to:

1. Promote the rights and responsibilities of all individuals as set forth in the State and Federal Constitutions, pertinent legislation, and applicable judicial interpretations.
2. Encourage positive experiences in human values for children, youth and adults, all of whom have differing personal and family characteristics and who come from various socioeconomics, racial and ethnic groups.
3. Work toward a more integrated society and to enlist the support of individuals as well as groups and agencies, both private and governmental, in such an effort.
4. Use all appropriate communication and action techniques to air and reduce the grievances of individuals and groups.
5. Carefully consider, in all the decisions made within the school system, the potential benefits or adverse consequences that those decisions might have on the human relations aspects of all segments of society.
6. Initiate a process of reviewing policies and practices of the school system in order to achieve to the greatest extent possible the objectives of this statement.

The Committee's policy of nondiscrimination will extend to student, staff, the general public, and individuals with whom it does business. No person shall be excluded from or discriminated against in admission to a public school of any town or in obtaining the advantages, privileges, and course of study of such public school on account of race, color, sex, gender identity, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, disability, pregnancy or pregnancy related conditions. If someone has a complaint or feels that they have been discriminated against because of their race, color, sex, gender identity, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, disability, pregnancy or pregnancy related conditions, their complaint should be registered with the Title IX compliance officer.

Statement of Student Rights, Privileges and Responsibilities

South Hadley is a comprehensive public high school that exists to support and enhance our democratic society. The most fundamental values of our school community rest with mutual respect, equality of opportunity, cooperative effort, and appreciation for the dignity and value of every individual.

There is simply no place in our school for intolerance or discrimination, in any form on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, gender, sexual orientation or handicap.

We expect every member of our school community to conduct themselves in a socially responsible manner. Accountability measures will ensure the physical, emotional, and social safety of everyone. Our administration, faculty, and staff will provide a model for the attitudes, values, and standards expected of students.

South Hadley High School Values

1. RESPECT: "I will respect myself and other members of the school community."
2. COMMITMENT AND EFFORT: "I will commit to being a good citizen and will put forth my best efforts in everything that I do."
3. RESPONSIBILITY: "I will take responsibility for my own actions and my academic work. I will be a productive member of the South Hadley High School Community."

Purpose

The South Hadley School Department expects all students to conduct themselves in a socially responsible manner in order to encourage an environment that is educationally sound for all students. Disciplinary measures are used to maintain a safe and stable school environment and to teach students proper respect for the educational setting. Administrators, teachers, and staff are to be role models for students in setting high standards of behavior and thereby promote high standards of behavior for students.

It is the responsibility of parents in their teacher and by their example, to assist their son or daughter in demonstrating consistent school attendance, in developing effective work habits, in exhibiting appropriate behavior and in encouraging a positive attitude towards school. Parents are additionally responsible for being knowledgeable of their son or daughter's performance in school.

It is the responsibility of the faculty and administration to provide parents with timely information regarding the progress of their son or daughter in maintaining consistent attendance, in demonstrating effective work habits, and in exhibiting appropriate behavior and attitudes toward school.

Scope

School discipline codes will apply to the school and its grounds, to school buses and other normal means of egress to and from school, to threats against the school and its members, and to student/staff interactions in person, electronically, or otherwise. They shall also apply to all events sponsored by the school department, including but not limited to field trips, extracurricular activities, sports, social events, etc.

Authorized Officials

The building Principal or the Principal's designee (i.e. Assistant Principal) shall be responsible for hearing all cases that may result in a more serious penalty than detention. Depending on the seriousness of the offense, the Principal or designee will determine the level of appropriate action to be taken, including suspensions and expulsions.

Implementation of the Discipline Code

The Principal, Assistant Principal and the faculty are responsible for ensuring due process in disciplinary proceedings. Administrators should investigate infractions of the rules thoroughly. Due process gives students the right to present their side of any issue for which disciplinary action is contemplated. Students also have the right to present evidence and witnesses who can attest to the facts of an issue. For serious infractions that may result in suspension or expulsion from school, administrators should notify parents of the offense and the contemplated action. Students and their parents must be made aware of their right to appeal any disciplinary action to the Principal (for disciplinary actions taken by staff) or the Superintendent (for disciplinary actions taken by the Principal).

Administrative Discretion

Administrative flexibility is required in any disciplinary regulations to account for individual cases, unusual problems not anticipated nor written in school regulations, and the maintenance of effective control of behavior in a public school. The administration has the right to adjust the code of discipline when the severity of or mitigating circumstances dictate. Action taken under this prerogative must also meet the test of reasonableness and protection of the rights of students.

Conclusion

Student discipline is one area that has a direct effect on the ability of the school to fulfill its purpose. Discipline is an area that requires the attention and efforts of everyone – parents, students, teachers, administrators, and members of the School Committee. We urge all parents and students to make an effort to understand and comply with the rules of the school concerning student conduct and to cooperate with the school in carrying out disciplinary action taken by the school.

Definitions

Suspension: A period of temporary exclusion from school in which a student is denied access to his or her usual school program. Suspensions may be in school suspensions or external. An in-school suspension is a removal of a student from the regular classroom activities but not the school premises.

Expulsion: A permanent exclusion in which a student is denied access to his or her usual school program.

School Program: The period during which a student receives instructional and educationally related services. School programs shall also include extracurricular activities, social events, sporting events, and such other activities as are sponsored by the school department.

Approval

All discipline codes have been approved by the South Hadley School Committee and are considered part of the policy of the South Hadley School Department.

Please refer to: South Hadley Public Schools Policy:

Student Conduct and Discipline

All students deserve every opportunity to achieve academic success in a safe, secure learning environment. Good citizenship in schools is based on respect and consideration for the rights of others. Students will be expected to conduct themselves in a way that the rights and privileges of others are not violated. They will be required to respect constituted authority, to conform to school rules and to those provisions of law that apply to their conduct.

Each principal shall include prohibited actions in the student handbook or other publication to be made available to students and parents.

Principals and staff shall not use academic punishment of any form as a consequence to inappropriate behaviors/actions by students.

The principal may, as a disciplinary measure, remove a student from privileges, such as extracurricular activities and attendance at school-sponsored events, based on the student's misconduct. Such a removal is not subject to the remainder of this policy, law, or regulation.

Transfer Students

A student transferring into the South Hadley School District must provide the principal with a complete school record, which must include incidents involving suspensions, expulsions, violations of criminal acts, or any incident reports in which such student was charged with any suspendable act.

Disciplinary Procedures in the Classroom

Each and every member of our school community has a responsibility to conduct him/herself in a manner that demonstrates respect for the rights and property of others. Above all else, every individual must be ensured a learning environment which is physically, emotionally, and socially safe. This includes all curricular, co-curricular, and special events, both on and off campus, to and from school.

Teachers, support staff, students, and parents are expected to bring violations to the attention of the Principal or Assistant Principal. The administration will interpret the rules and regulations and extend their application, in a manner consistent with their intent. Every effort will be made to balance consistency with fairness and reason in the use of this code. The administration reserves the right to adjust the code of conduct when the severity of the offense dictates. Action taken under this prerogative must always reflect reason and proper protection of individual rights. In cases where there is an offense not outlined in our code of discipline, reasonable discretion will define consequences.

Teacher or administrative detentions, Saturday detentions, and parent conferences represent the preferred consequences for accountability. However, behaviors that threaten others, violate the law, disrupt the learning environment, or minor behaviors that occur frequently represent legitimate cause for internal suspension, external suspension, long-term suspension or expulsion. Within each group of negative behaviors listed below, options for consequences are outlined and will be assigned based on the frequency or severity of misbehavior.

Electronic Devices

Students are allowed to use electronic devices during passing time, break, before and after school, and in the cafeteria during lunch. This does not include time when a student is on a pass out of the class, as this is academic time. All communications done during school will be treated as if they were spoken orally. During lunch, students are not allowed to attempt to communicate with other students who are in class. Electronic devices are allowed in class at the discretion of the teacher.

Students found using electronic devices during non-authorized times will have their device taken by school staff and turned over to the Assistant Principal. For a first offense, the device will be returned to the student at the end of the school day. For a second offense, parents will be notified and will be required to pick up the device in the High School's Main Office. Subsequent offenses will result in parent notification/pick up as well as disciplinary consequences as determined by the Assistant Principal. Refusal to turn over the electronic device to a staff member is considered insubordination and will result in consequences outlined in the Code of Conduct.

The use of lasers, laser pens, laser pointers, or devices which project intensive light upon surfaces is not allowed on school grounds or in school buildings.

Code of Conduct

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Detention Rules

Detention will be held daily, from 2:05 – 2:45 in Room 304.

1. Doctor's appointments, legal matters, or special letters from home requesting a change of detention date must be presented to the detention monitor BEFORE the detention is scheduled; otherwise missing the detention will be considered a cut.
2. A 24-hour delay will be honored at the time the detention is assigned, to allow students the opportunity to notify parents or guardians regarding being delayed.
3. Detention will not be held when South Hadley High School has an abbreviated school day, i.e. workshop day, day before Thanksgiving, etc. and in cases where we have inclement weather or other unforeseen conditions.
4. Students must report to detention by 2:05 p.m. Anyone arriving late must provide a note from a teacher or lose credit for this detention. Students who are more than 5 minutes late for detention, without an acceptable teacher note, will not be allowed in detention that day.
5. Students must bring study material - homework, books, magazines, etc.
6. Students are to remain silent during the entire detention period. There will be no whispering or talking by any student except when spoken to by the administrator on duty.
7. Students who talk or are unruly will receive no credit for that day's attendance and our administration may take further action when necessary.
8. Failure to report for assigned detention will result in doubling the obligation or a Saturday detention. Further cutting of detention will require a parent conference prior to returning to school.
9. In the event that we must cancel detention, students assigned for that day will be given credit.

Saturday Detention Rules

When the seriousness of misbehavior warrants additional strong consequence, students will be assigned two hours of Saturday detention 8:00 - 10:00 a.m. This program represents another resource for accountability that avoids suspension.

Students arriving late must provide a note from a parent or lose credit for this detention. Students who are more than 5 minutes late for detention will not be allowed to make-up the detention in that session, but will have to schedule an additional Saturday detention.

Students assigned to this detention are expected to be present, prompt and prepared to use this time productively. Our detention supervisors will exercise discretion regarding a range of appropriate activities from quiet study to school maintenance projects. The rules for detention will also apply to Saturday detention. Students not using the time effectively will be dismissed and will be scheduled for another session. In addition, the student's parent/guardian(s) will be contacted.

Failure to report to Saturday detentions as assigned will result in a parent conference and additional Saturday detention time. Continued refusal to attend Saturday detention will be grounds for external suspension. Students who fail to follow directions or in any way create disruption will be suspended pending a parent conference and assigned additional days of detention.

Social Probation

Social Probation may be assigned to students whose behavior has placed other in danger, whose behavior has caused them to be suspended from school for more than five days, has a record of chronic misbehavior, or has four or more tardies in a quarter. Students placed on Social Probation will not be eligible to attend after school functions (i.e. clubs, dances, performances, sports practices or competitions, etc.) and may be on school grounds only from 7:00am to 2:20pm (3:00pm if extra help or detention is scheduled). Social Probation will be reviewed regularly to determine if behavior has improved and if probation should be rescinded.

Suspensions, Expulsions and the School-Wide Education Service Plan

In accordance with Chapter 222 of the Acts of 2012, An Act Relative to Student Access to Education Services and Exclusion from School, which took effect on July 1, 2014, the South Hadley Schools are committed to providing an opportunity for students to make academic progress while suspended or expelled.

Student who are suspended from school for 10 or fewer consecutive school days, whether in or out of school, are allowed to make academic progress, which included making up class and homework assignments, papers, projects, quizzes, tests and other school work.

In addition, students who are suspended or expelled for more than 10 consecutive days are allowed to make academic progress, which includes making up class and homework assignments, papers, projects, quizzes, tests and other school work. The 10 consecutive days can be whether in or out school. Students who are suspended or expelled for more than 10 consecutive days are provided educational services, which are outlined in the School-Wide Education Service Plan. The educational services in the School-Wide Education Service Plan are aligned with the district's curricula and the Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks. The principal or designee will provide the parent/guardian and student with available educational services.

The following educational services are offered to students under the School-Wide Education Service Plan by school. South Hadley High School:

- Tutoring: 10 hours/week
- Online Learning: Edgenuity
- After School Hours Education Services with Teachers
- Saturday Academy: 4 hours/week

Suspension Rules

Students who are externally suspended or assigned Internal Suspension are not eligible to participate in any school activities during the suspension. Students on external suspension are not permitted to be on school grounds at any time during the period of suspension. Students who are assigned to internal suspension may not remain on school grounds after the school day.

Internal Suspension Rules

When the seriousness of misbehavior warrants additional strong consequence, students may be assigned to Internal Suspension in the Planning Room for one or more whole or partial days. This program represents another resource for accountability that avoids external suspension. The intent of the Internal Suspension program is to provide an alternative disciplinary measure while maintaining a continuing program for students.

1. Students are required to report promptly to the supervised Internal Suspension room and are expected to be prepared to use this time productively.

2. Students will be required to perform school work while in Internal Suspension, remain quiet, and adhere to the posted rules.
3. Students may be required to meet with his/her Guidance Counselor, the School Adjustment Counselor or School Assistance Counselor each day during the suspension.
4. Students may also be required to perform writing assignments, such as a reflection, or other academic work as assigned by the Internal Suspension teacher.
5. All school rules apply to students in Internal Suspension.
6. Students who violate Internal Suspension rules, or fail to follow directions, or in any way create disruption will be immediately externally suspended and a parent conference will be required. The student may be assigned additional days of suspension.
7. Students who are externally suspended or assigned Internal Suspension are not eligible to participate in any school activities during the suspension. Students on external suspension are not permitted to be on school grounds at any time during the period of suspension. Students who are assigned to internal suspension may not remain on school grounds after the school day.

Plagiarism

Cheating is defined as using any unauthorized source to complete and assigned academic work. Plagiarism is defined as taking work or ideas from any source and passing it off as one's own work. Plagiarism does not require that a student submit a word-for-word copy of any work as his or her own; it also includes submitting ideas and/or conclusions generated by another source and presenting them as one's own work. Unintentional plagiarism caused by failure to properly document sources is considered a violation of the Code of Conduct. If a student is concerned or has questions about how to use material for a particular assignment, the student is responsible for contacting his/her teacher.

Plagiarism is cheating. It is academically dishonest and an ethical offense, which will not be tolerated at South Hadley High School. The most common (but not all inclusive) types of plagiarism from all types of service, including the internet are:

1. Not properly citing data, statistics, and ideas presented verbatim (word for word) or through paraphrasing.
2. Passing off sentences, large sections, or entire text of another person's work as one's own original work or ideas.
3. Copying another person's work.
4. Having someone else other than the author make major revisions in the work.

Planning Room

Students who are disruptive and/or disrespectful will be removed from class and sent to the Planning Room. No cellphones, no snacks and no beverages other than water are permitted in the Planning Room. The following will occur:

1. The Planning Room staff will discuss the incident with the student.
2. The student will work out a plan so that the misbehavior does not reoccur.
3. Any student who has been sent to the Planning Room will serve an administrative detention after school. If the student is an athlete, he/she will not be permitted to practice that day.
4. The parent(s)/guardian(s) of the student will be notified via mail.
5. The student is ineligible for participation in any co-curricular activities on the day of the infraction. (A student who is sent to an administrator for disciplinary action will also be ineligible for participation in co-curricular activities on that day.)
6. If a student's infraction is serious, or the student refuses to participate in the planning process, the student will be sent home from the Planning Room. He/she must return the next school day with a parent or guardian to meet with Administration. A conference must be scheduled with the Principal. Further consequences may result from this meeting.

Violations/Penalties

SHHS faculty implements Restorative Practices, which seek to repair harm and build school community. This disciplinary philosophy stresses communication and open dialogue and focuses on changing future behaviors. While it can be viewed as less punitive than the traditional disciplinary approach, students are held accountable and focus on repairing relationships, which improves the school culture.

The following Code of Student Conduct seeks to be fair and consistent. It will be impartially and consistently enforced to help provide a safe and orderly school in which students can learn and grow. The Code of Conduct has been revised into six sections, according to specific categories: Weapons/Violence, Substances, Harassment/Civil Rights, Computer Violations/Plagiarism, "Miscellaneous Offenses", and Bus Transportation. Other behavior not specifically covered in the following rules and regulations will be considered on an individual basis.

Section A: Weapons/Violence

Each subsequent offense is an additional offense and will carry over from year to year.

Violations	Penalties/Consequences
1. Possession of, use of, or threat to use a dangerous weapon, such as a gun, knife or other articles which may be determined to be dangerous (<i>1993 Education Reform Act Law Chapter 71, Section 37H</i>); using the Internet to purchase or attempt to purchase any weapon.	1st offense: Ten-day external suspension from all classes and school activities until an expulsion hearing is held (see <u>Student Expulsion</u>). The matter will be reported to the Police Department.
2. Physical violence and/or threat of physical violence directed toward any member of the school staff (<i>1993 Education reform Act Law Chapter 71, Section 37H</i>).	1st offense: ten-day external suspension from all classes and school activities until an expulsion hearing is held (see <u>Student Expulsion</u>). The matter will be reported to the Police Department.
3. Acts of arson, bomb threats, and false fire alarms.	1st offense: ten-day external suspension from all classes and school activities until an expulsion hearing is held (see <u>Student Expulsion</u>). The matter will be reported to the Police Department. Restitution for damages.
4. Malicious destruction of or damage to school or personal property.	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities. 2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension and recommendation for an expulsion hearing. For both offenses: Restitution for damage. The matter will be reported to the Police Department. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.
5. Organizing or participating in the act of hazing.	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities. 2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension and recommendation for an expulsion hearing. For both offenses: Restitution for damage. The matter will be reported to the Police Department. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion. See note 3.
6. Obtaining money, material goods, or favors by threat of physical harm. (new change)	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities. 2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension and recommendation for an expulsion hearing. For both offenses: Restitution for damage. The matter will be reported to the Police Department. Action as deemed necessary by the administrations, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.
7. Assault/battery; instigation or provocation of physical altercation; physical violence directed towards fellow students (including but not limited to hitting, punching, pushing,	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities.

slapping, shoving, grabbing, kicking, choking, hair pulling, biting, throwing things, arm twisting, restraining or pinning someone). (new change)	2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension and recommendation for an expulsion hearing. For both offenses: Restitution for damage. The matter will be reported to the Police Department. Action as deemed necessary by the administrations, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.
8. Behavior which might injure, endanger persons or property, including threat of physical violence, disrupting the atmosphere of the classroom or the school, horseplay or physical aggression (physical violence not done in a malicious manner).	1st offense: Minimum one-day suspensions from all classes and school activities (at the discretion of administration). 2nd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension. 3rd offense: minimum three-day suspension. For all Offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion, reporting the matter to the police.

Note 1: If a student is arrested or charged with a felony, the student may be suspended from school until the trial; if found guilty, the student can be expelled. (Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 71, Section 37H 1/2)

Note 2: If it is determined that a student is responsible for damage to school property or equipment, the student and/or parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of the student will be liable for restitution in the amount necessary to restore the property or equipment to its original condition and any other penalty allowed by law.

Note 3 - HAZING: any conduct or method of initiation into any student organization, whether on public or private property, which willfully or recklessly endangers the physical or mental health of any student or other person. (Chapter 269 s. 17, Massachusetts General Laws)

Note 4: The school, its teachers, and/ or administrators are not responsible for the loss of or theft of items confiscated for unauthorized use.

Section B: Substances

Each subsequent offense is an additional offense and will carry over from year to year.

Violations	Penalties/Consequences
1. The sale, distribution of or intent to distribute alcohol or other drugs on school property or at school sponsored events, wherever held (<i>1993 Education Reform Act Law Chapter 74, Section 37H</i>).	1st offense: Minimum ten-day external suspension from all classes and school activities until an expulsion hearing is held (see <u>Student Expulsion</u>). <u>Referral for outside substance use counseling or treatment</u> . Assessment/documentation of follow up recommendations from substance use assessment given to school. The matter will be reported to the Police Department.
2. Possession of alcohol, other drugs, or related paraphernalia on school property or at school sponsored events, wherever held (<i>1993 Education Reform Act Law Chapter 74, Section 37H</i>). <u>This includes possession of any e-cigarettes / vapes.</u> (new change)	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities. Automatic referral to a School Adjustment Counselor for drug/alcohol counseling. Student must receive 4 hours of drug/alcohol counseling (provided by the school or privately) before returning to classes. 2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension and recommendation for an expulsion hearing. For both offenses: The matter will be reported to Police Department.
3. Using or being under the influence of alcohol or other drugs on school property or at school sponsored events, wherever held; using the <u>school's</u> Internet to purchase or attempt to purchase alcohol, tobacco products, other drugs or illegal substances, drug paraphernalia. (new change)	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities. Automatic referral to a School Adjustment Counselor for drug/alcohol counseling. Student must receive 4 hours of drug/alcohol counseling (provided by the school or privately) before returning to classes. 2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension, <u>referral for outside substance use counseling or treatment</u> and recommendation for an expulsion hearing. For both offenses: The matter will be reported to Police Department.

4. Sale of tobacco, vape, or E-cigarettes on school property or at school sponsored events, wherever held. (new change)	<p>1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension and recommendation for an expulsion hearing.</p> <p>For all offenses: The matter will be reported to the Police Department.</p>
5. Smoking or using a tobacco product on school property or at school sponsored events, wherever held.	<p>1st offense: Minimum one-day suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Three-day suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Automatic referral to a School Adjustment Counselor for drug/alcohol counseling. Actions as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
6. Being in possession of any nicotine product or E-cigarette on school property or at a school sponsored event, wherever held.	<p>1st offense: minimum one Saturday detention.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>

** All students who participate in any extra-curricular activities, including but not limited to athletics, band or other musical ensembles, Harlequins, Peer Leaders, Student Council, or School Council must follow MIAA guidelines and disciplinary consequences. A student that is caught using drugs / alcohol / tobacco after school hours will be treated the same, regardless if the student is an athlete, musician, or other extra-curricular participant. Student will sit out 25% of season for first offense and 60% for second offense. Each subsequent offense is an additional offense and will carry over from year to year. **

Use of Tobacco

Using Tobacco in any form, at **any** time is prohibited. This includes the possession of smoking materials. The “Educational Reform Act of 1993”, which was passed by the legislature of the commonwealth of Massachusetts in June 1993, states that “the use of any tobacco products within the school buildings, the school facilities or on the school grounds or on school busses by an individual, including school personnel” is prohibited.

Disciplinary Action: The first offense may result in one full day of suspension and mandatory participation in a school-sponsored tobacco use/smoking cessation program (pending availability of the program). Repeated offenses may result in suspensions of up to 10 school days and/or consideration of expulsion.

Substance Use: Procedures for student suspected of being under the influence of a drug / alcohol

1. Teachers and other school staff are obligated to report any suspicion of substance use to the Assistant Principal as soon as possible.
2. Teachers must:
 - a. Notify administration immediately. If administration is not available, School Nurse or Adjustment Counselor should be notified immediately.
 - b. Stay with the student until one of the above removes the student from the class. Do not send the student to the office. Administration will evaluate the student and consult with the School Nurse when applicable.

- c. The School Nurse will make an assessment of the student which may include vital signs (pulse and blood pressure), medical history, coordination test, and reaction of pupils.
- d. The Administrator will conduct a search of student's belongings, locker, and general person. Parents will be notified of the search after it has been conducted.
- e. If a student is found to be unfit for instruction, the parents/guardians will be contacted and asked to pick up their child.
- f. Parents will be informed of the findings of Administration and the School Nurse. Recommendations and referrals will be made which are appropriate to their findings and the student's individual situation.
- g. The procedures outlined in the Code of Student Conduct will be followed and enforced.
- h. If the student is found to be fit for instruction, he/she will return to class with an explanation of the responsibilities of school personnel toward students and their welfare. The parent/guardian will be notified of the school's action.

Section C: Harassment / Civil Rights

Each subsequent offense is an additional offense and will carry over from year to year.

Violations	Penalties/Consequences
1. Sexual harassment (verbal or physical) directed toward any member of the school community. (new change)	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities and referral to School Adjustment Counselor. 2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension from all classes and school activities and recommendation for expulsion hearing. For all offenses: Involvement of the Police Department as the administration deems appropriate. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, which may include extended suspension or recommendations for expulsion.
2. A bullying / harassment directed toward any member of the school community. Note: Students often have conflicts, which are not defined as bullying, and therefore are given different consequences. Retaliation towards any school member involved in any aspect of a bullying /harassment complaint or investigation; intimidating a witness once a complaint has been filed. (new change)	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities and referral to School Adjustment Counselor. 2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension from all classes and school activities and recommendation for expulsion hearing. For all offenses: Involvement of the Police Department as the administration deems appropriate. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, which may include extended suspension or recommendations for expulsion.
3. Violation of the South Hadley Public Schools' Discrimination Policy (discrimination based on someone's race, color, sex, gender identity, religion, national origin, sexual orientation or disability), including the use of racial slurs. (new change)	1st offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities and referral to School Adjustment Counselor. 2nd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension from all classes and school activities and recommendation for expulsion hearing. For all offenses: Involvement of the Police Department as the administration deems appropriate. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, which may include extended suspension or recommendations for expulsion.

Section D: Computer Violations / Plagiarism

Violations	Penalties/Consequences
1. Inappropriate use of computers, network, and the Internet, including but not limited to: accessing pornography, using a proxy bypass to access a website.	1st offense: Minimum three-day suspension from all classes and school activities. 2nd offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities. 3rd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension and recommendation for expulsion hearing.

	For all offenses: Involvement of the Police Department as the administration deems appropriate. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, which may include extended suspension or recommendations for expulsion. Suspension or termination of access to the computer, network and/or Internet.
2. Violation of the Electronic Information Acceptable Use Policy.	1st offense: Suspension of privileges for 20 days. 2nd offense: Suspension of privileges for 40 days. 3rd offense: Suspension of privileges for one semester.
3. Forgery and/or use of a school related document.	1st offense: Minimum one-day suspension from all classes and school activities. 2nd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities. 3rd offense: Minimum three-day suspension from all classes and school activities. For all offenses: Actions as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion. Suspension or termination of access (if applicable) to the computer, network and/or internet.
4. Cheating (using any unauthorized source to complete any assigned academic work).	1st offense: Zero on assignment/test for each offense with no chance to redo. 2nd offense: One-day Saturday detention. 3rd offense: one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities. For all offenses: Zero on assignment/test for each offense with no change to redo. Action as deemed necessary by the administrator.
5. Plagiarism (taking work or ideas from any source and passing it off as one' own work) does not require that a student submit a word-for-word copy of work as his or her own; it also includes submitting ideas and/or conclusions generated by another source and presenting them as one's own work.	1st offense: Student must redo assignment; grade will drop 50% for that assignment. 2nd offense: Zero on assignment for each additional offense with no chance of redo. 3rd offense: One-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities. For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration.
6. Distribution of inappropriate or offensive pictures, email or text/sexting (see note 5).	1st offense: Minimum one-day suspension from all classes and school activities. 2nd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities. 3rd offense: Minimum three-day suspension from all classes and school activities. For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion. Suspension or termination of access (if applicable) to the computer, network and/or Internet.

Note 5: Sexting is defined as sending, receiving or forwarding any sexually explicit messages, photos, or images via cell phone, computer, or other digital device. These messages, photos, and images are then often being further disseminated through email and internet-based social networking websites well beyond their original intended recipients. Sending or receiving a sexually suggestive image or text under the age of 18 is a crime and is considered child pornography and can result in criminal charges.

Section E: Miscellaneous Offenses

Violations	Penalties/Consequences
1. Theft of school/personal property; possession of stolen property.	(Length of suspension will be influenced by the value of stolen property)

	<p>1st offense: Up to five-day suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>2nd offense: Up to ten-day suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Restitution for damages, if necessary. The matter will be reported to the Police Department. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
2. Defiant behavior (refusing to follow orders, disobeying authority, open resistance) toward any school personnel acting in their official capacity/insubordination.	<p>1st offense: Minimum one Saturday detention.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>4th offense: Minimum three-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
3. Lying or failure to identify oneself properly upon request of school personnel acting in their official capacity.	<p>1st offense: Minimum one Saturday detention.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>4th offense: Minimum three-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
4. Willful, obscene, disrespectful, abusive or profane language, gestures or actions.	<p>1st offense: Minimum one Saturday detention.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>4th offense: Minimum three-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
5. Leaving the school building without proper authorization/procedure or failure to sign into Main Office when tardy.	<p>1st offense: Minimum one Saturday detention.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>4th offense: Minimum three-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
6. Class cuts / Truancy (absences from class without permission). (new change)	<p>1st offense: After school detention with teacher and loss of ability to make up missed work.</p> <p>2nd offense: After school office detention; loss of ability to make up missing work.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension; loss of ability to make up missing work.</p>

	<p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
7. Failure to service Office Detention.	<p>1st offense: Minimum one Saturday detention.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>4th offense: Minimum three-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
8. Disobeying the instruction of school personnel regarding the use of CD players, iPods, tape recorders, cameras, cell phones or other electronic devices (violation of school electronics policy).	<p>1st offense: Confiscation of item, to be returned to students at 2:00p.m.</p> <p>2nd offense: Confiscation of item, to be returned to parent.</p> <p>3rd offense: Confiscation of items, returned pending parent meeting.</p>
9. Failure to operate a motor vehicle in a safe and reasonable manner on school property, or in the vicinity of the school.	<p>1st offense: Loss of parking privileges for one week.</p> <p>2nd offense: Loss of parking privileges for one month, excluding vacations.</p> <p>3rd offense: Loss of privileges for remainder of school year.</p> <p>For all offenses: Restitution for damages, if necessary. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
10. Roller skating, riding a skateboard or hover board on school property or within the building.	<p>1st offense: Minimum one Saturday detention.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>4th offense: Minimum three-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
11. Accepting food deliveries without administrative approval.	<p>1st offense: Minimum one Saturday detention.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>4th offense: Minimum three-day external suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>For all offenses: Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
12. Leaving classroom, building or site during a shelter-in-place, lockdown or off-site evacuation.	<p>1st offense: Minimum three-day suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>2nd offense: Minimum five-day suspension from all classes and school activities.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum ten-day suspension and recommendation for expulsion hearing.</p> <p>For all offenses: Involvement of the Police Department as the administration deems appropriate. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, which may include extended suspension or recommendations for expulsion.</p>

13. Illegal parking, parking without valid parking pass, parking in faculty parking lot, parking in a spot that has not been designated as a legal parking space.	<p>1st offense: Memo of reprimand given to student.</p> <p>2nd offense: Loss of parking privileges for one week and letter sent home.</p> <p>3rd and subsequent offenses: Car will be towed without further notification, and student will be liable for all towing costs.</p>
14. Inappropriate fan behavior at a sporting event. (new change)	<p>1st offense: Student is not allowed to attend the next sporting event.</p> <p>2nd offense: Student is not allowed to attend the next 4 sporting events.</p> <p>3rd offense: Minimum one-day internal suspension and student is not allowed to attend sporting events for the remainder of the year.</p> <p>For all offenses: Student must complete a free online sportsmanship course before attending another contest.</p> <p>* Action as deemed necessary and appropriate by administration which may result in suspension of other extra-curricular activities.</p>

Note 1: If it is determined that a student is responsible for damage to school property or equipment, the student and/or parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of the student will be liable for restitution in the amount necessary to restore the property or equipment to its original condition and any other penalty allowed by law.

Note 2: The school, its teachers, and/ or administrators are not responsible for the loss of or theft of items confiscated for unauthorized use.

Note 3: Students leaving classroom, building or site during a shelter-in-place, lockdown or off-site evacuation will be charged with disturbing school assembly.

Note 4: All spectators that are reprimanded for inappropriate fan behavior, including parents and adults, will be required to complete the free online sportsmanship course before attending another contest.

Section F: Bus Transportation

Students will also be subject to additional consequences as listed in Section A – E.

Violations	Penalties/Consequences
1. Smoking.	<p>1st and 2nd offense: Up to two-week denial of transportation.</p> <p>3rd offense: A one-month denial of transportation.</p> <p>4th offense: Denial of transportation for remainder of the school year. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
2. Fighting / pushing / injuring another student.	<p>1st and 2nd offense: Up to two-week denial of transportation.</p> <p>3rd offense: A one-month denial of transportation.</p> <p>4th offense: Denial of transportation for remainder of the school year. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
3. Causing damage to the vehicle (cost of repairing will be borne by parent/guardian).	<p>1st and 2nd offense: Up to two-week denial of transportation.</p> <p>3rd offense: A one-month denial of transportation.</p> <p>4th offense: Denial of transportation for remainder of the school year. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>
4, Swearing.	<p>1st and 2nd offense: Up to two-week denial of transportation.</p> <p>3rd offense: A one-month denial of transportation.</p> <p>4th offense: Denial of transportation for remainder of the school year. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.</p>

5. Disobeying the order of the bus driver.	1 st offense: A written warning to the parent/guardian. 2 nd offense: Up to two-week denial of transportation. 3 rd offense: A one-month denial of transportation. 4 th offense: Denial of transportation for remainder of the school year. Action as deemed necessary by the administration, including extended suspension and/or recommendation for expulsion.
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Notes on Violations / Penalties / Consequences

Note 1: A written letter will be mailed home for each suspension. Parental contact through the telephone will be attempted for each suspension, as well.

Note 2: Plagiarize - to use and pass off (the ideas or words of another) as one’s own; to use (a created production) without crediting the source; to present as new and original an idea or product derived from an existing source (as defined in *The American Heritage Dictionary, 4th edition.*)

Note 3: Students who are 18 years old and live independently must meet with the high school administration in order to receive permission to act as their own guardians. Students who are 18 years old and older can sign themselves out during the day. The attendance policy still applies.

Note 4: Students are permitted to stay after school if they are participating in a club, activity, staying for extra help with a teacher, or utilizing the library. Students are not permitted to loiter after school. Consequences for loitering include parental contact or detentions. If a student continues to loiter after school, he/she will be suspended.

School Bus Regulations

All students riding school buses must pay the Transportation Fee as determined by the South Hadley School Committee. Bus passes will be issued and must be displayed to board the bus. All students riding school buses must practice good safety and conduct. Infractions of the rules are reported to the Principal with the following consequences:

1. Range of consequences:
 - a. Notice of warning send home.
 - b. Notice of warning sent home, parent/guardian informed by school and one-day suspension of bus privilege.
 - c. Notice of warning issues, parent/guardian conference held, and three-day suspension of bus privilege.
 - d. Notice of warning issues, parent/guardian conference held, and five-day suspension of bus privilege.
 - e. Notice of warning issued, parent/guardian conference held, and additional suspension or permanent expulsion of bus privilege depending on the nature of the offenses.
2. Repetitive acts may result in:
 - a. Loss of bus privileges (transportation fee in non-refundable).
 - b. Suspension.
 - c. Parent/guardian conference.
 - d. Removal from the classroom.

Depending on the nature of the infraction, the Principal may use administrative discretion to determine the appropriate consequence of an offense.

State laws do not require transportation if the student’s conduct jeopardizes the health and safety of others. In case of expulsion from the bus, the parent is responsible for the child’s transportation to and from school. Failure to do so could result in legal proceeding in accordance with the attendance statutes of the General Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Student Dress Code

The following requirements must be met in the school building, on the school grounds, and at all school-related functions. The health and safety of students must not be jeopardized.

1. Bare feet and exposed midriiffs are not allowed. Students must wear footwear and are not permitted to walk around the building in their socks.

2. Individual departments will establish regulations for safety where and when necessary.
3. Hats may be worn in the school; however hats in classrooms are at the teachers' discretion.
4. Hoods are not to be worn upon entering the school and continuing throughout the school day. Students with long hair are permitted to wear a headband to keep their hair away from their face. Hats can be worn once school is dismissed for the day. Students wearing hats for medical or religious reasons are exempt from this requirement.
5. Students are not to wear clothing which may cause a disruption to the educational process or the orderly operation of the school.
6. Students should not wear clothing that
 - a. is sexually suggestive;
 - b. promotes or advertises products which student may not legally buy such as alcohol, tobacco or illegal drugs (including marijuana);
 - c. displays obscene, defamatory comments or 'fighting words';
 - d. contains comments that harass, threaten or intimidate an individual or group of individuals because of gender, color, race, religion, handicap, national origin, sexual orientation or gender identity;
 - e. is see-through or overly revealing;
 - f. may be used as a weapon, including but not limited to chains, items with spikes or studs, or choke collars.
7. Additionally, underwear should be covered at all times.
8. Sunglasses should not be worn in the building.

If any of the Student Dress Code regulations are not followed, students will be required to change their clothing to remedy the situation. If a student refuses to change their clothing, the parent will be notified and the student will be sent home to change their clothing to remedy the situation.

In addition to the above policy, it is important to note that if a student does not meet the safety dress code requirements of a particular course for that day, he/she will not be eligible to participate in the class activities. The student will remain in the class, working on a safe, alternative activity and will be assigned a teacher detention.

In addition to these basic regulations, South Hadley High School has the expectation that students will wear clothing that is appropriate for school, and is not distracting or disruptive to the learning process. Appropriate student dress has a positive impact on student learning, student behavior, and the overall educational environment.

Administrators will make final determinations about the appropriateness of student dress.

Current practice codified 1990

Adopted: January 10, 2006

LEGAL REFS: M.G.L. Chapter 71, §82-83

Student Handbooks

Parking / Student Driver Regulations

All students who park in the student lots must have paid the appropriate Transportation Fee, have the appropriate "Student Hang Tag" visibly displayed, and are parked in the assigned lot. Parking is first come, first served. We will not assign more students to our parking lots than there are parking spaces (this is the same model used by many colleges and is effective practice for our students). Once the lower lot is full, students must park in the upper lot.

Student parking at South Hadley High School is a privilege. To maintain the right to this privilege, students must not jeopardize the safety of others, and must park cars in legally marked parking spaces designated for students. Parking in unauthorized areas can result in towing without warning. Students may lose their parking privileges on school property if they:

1. Use their cars to leave school without authorization.
2. Loiter or litter the parking lot.
3. Jeopardize the safety of others by unsafe driving.
4. Park in unauthorized areas.
5. Falsifying that a parking pass was lost or stolen

Transportation fees will not be refunded if a student loses his/her parking privileges. Parents and students should also be aware that parking is "At Your Own Risk". The High School does not have the means to monitor the parking lot on a continuous basis. As a general rule, students will not be allowed to go to their cars during the school day. If a student must go to his/her car during the day, the student must obtain permission from an Administrator.

Fan Behavior

We encourage and appreciate support for our athletic and co-curricular activities. With strong school spirit goes a responsibility for everyone to maintain good sportsmanship and refrain from taunting or any other action that is disrespectful to others. Competition and the desire to win is normal but not at the expense of healthy attitudes and values. Everyone must recognize our high expectations for maintaining the reputation of South Hadley High School as a gracious and hospitable community. Toward that end:

1. Radios, recorders, or televisions are not allowed into the gym.
2. Food or drink is not allowed into the gym area.
3. Pounding, stomping or striking the bleachers in order to produce noise is not allowed.
4. Taunting is strictly prohibited. Taunting includes any actions or comments by coaches, players, or spectators that are intended to bait, anger, embarrass, ridicule, or demean others, whether or not the deeds or words are vulgar or racist.
5. Cheering should be positive and encourage sportsmanship among spectators at games.
6. Proper respect should be shown at all times to our cheerleaders and those of visiting teams.
7. Noise devices of any type are not allowed at athletic events.
8. Throwing items of any kind on the field or in the bleacher area is strictly prohibited.

Violations of these rules will result in ejection from the event and implementation of the following consequences:

1. Student or fan will not be permitted to attend the next sporting event for first offense.
2. Student or fan will not be permitted to attend the next four sporting events for second offense.

Also, any student ejected from a game either as a spectator or athlete must successfully complete a free online sportsmanship course before attending another contest, including their own.

Freedom of Expression

The South Hadley Public Schools may regulate student speech and assembly based upon legitimate educational needs, including, but not limited to, the time, place, manner of student speech and assembly, and reasonable methods to insure non-interference with the learning process.

"No expression made by students in the exercise of such rights shall be deemed to be an expression of school policy and no school official shall be held responsible in any civil or criminal action for any expression made or published by the students."

The right of students to freedom of expression shall not be abridged, provided that such right shall not cause any disruption or disorder within the school. Freedom of expression shall include without limitation, the rights and responsibilities of students, collectively and individually to express their views through speech and symbols, to write, publish and disseminate their views, to assemble peaceably on school property for the purpose of expressing their opinions. Any assembly planned by students during regularly scheduled school hours shall be held only at a time and place approved in advance by the school Principal or his designee. (Mass. Gen. Laws ch. 71 Sec 82)

Students at South Hadley High School may express their opinions within the following parameters:

1. Any assembly (demonstrations, sit-ins, etc.) planned by students during regularly scheduled school hours shall be held only at a time and place approved in advance by the school Principal or his/her designee. As part of the concept of civil disobedience, consequences may result from student assembly during school hours.
2. If there is any disruption or disorder to the school during a prior-approved assembly (demonstrations, sit-ins, etc.), students must understand that the assembly will be dispersed and disciplinary action will be taken
3. Any non-approved assembly will be dispersed and disciplinary action will be taken
4. Individuals, groups or clubs that wish to distribute materials may do so providing it does not create a disruption or disorder to the school. Materials are not to be distributed during instructional time.
5. In order to post materials on the walls of South Hadley High School, you must receive approval in advance from the Principal. Each item must have a stamp of approval in order to be posted. Any non-classroom related materials on the walls of the school without the stamp of approval will be removed.

NOTE: South Hadley High School does not endorse the views of students simply by allowing them to disseminate information on school premises. In addition, South Hadley High School does not endorse the views of organizations simply by officially recognizing them or allowing them to conduct expressive activities on school premises.

Searches of Lockers, Desks, Computers, Clothing, Cars, Students:

Students should have no expectation of privacy in their school lockers, personal bags, desks, computers, clothing, cars parked on school property, etc. Lockers, desks, and computers are for the use of the students but remain the property of the South Hadley Public Schools. Students are advised that their lockers, personal bags, desks, computers, clothing, cars parked on school property, etc. may be inspected without notice by school administrators to ensure safety and adherence to federal, state and local laws and regulations. For your information, the School Committee has authorized the Principal to conduct periodic canine searches of the building on a random basis. The legality of a search of a student, his/her clothing and/or possessions depends simply on the reasonableness, under all circumstances, of the search. The search by a school official is "justified at its inception" when there are reasonable grounds for suspecting that the search will turn up evidence that a student or students have violated either the law or the rules of the school. Such a search is permissible in its scope when the measures adopted are reasonably related to the objectives of the search and are not excessively intrusive in light of the age and sex of the student(s) and the nature of the infraction.

Drug / Alcohol Policy

Teaching About Alcohol, Tobacco, and Drugs
M.G.L. 71:1; 71:96 file IHAMB

In accordance with state and federal law, the District shall provide age-appropriate, developmentally appropriate, evidence-based alcohol, tobacco, and drug prevention education programs in grades K-12.

The alcohol, tobacco, and drug prevention program shall address the legal, social, and health consequences of alcohol, tobacco, and drug use, with emphasis on nonuse by school-age children. The program also shall include information about effective techniques and skill development for delaying and abstaining from using, as well as skills for addressing peer pressure to use alcohol, tobacco, or drugs.

The objectives of this program, as stated below, are rooted in the Committee's belief that prevention requires education, and that the most important aspect of the policies and guidelines of the District should be the education of children and youth on healthy decision-making:

1. To prevent, delay, and/or reduce alcohol, tobacco, and drug use among children and youth.
2. To increase students' understanding of the legal, social, and health consequences of alcohol, tobacco, and drug use.
3. To teach students self-management skills, social skills, negotiation skills, and refusal skills that will help them to make healthy decisions and avoid alcohol, tobacco, and drug use.

The curriculum, instructional materials, and outcomes used in this program shall be recommended by the Superintendent and approved by the School Committee.

This policy shall be posted on the district's website and notice shall be provided to all students and parents in accordance with state law. Additionally, the district shall file a copy of this policy with DESE in accordance with law in a manner requested by DESE.

Alcohol, Tobacco, and Drug Use by Students Prohibited

M.G.L.71:2A; 71:96; 272:40A File: JICH

A student shall not, regardless of the quantity, use or consume, possess, buy or sell, or give away any beverage containing alcohol; any tobacco product, including vapor/E-cigarettes; marijuana; steroids; or any controlled substance. The School Committee prohibits the use or consumption by students of alcohol, tobacco products, or drugs on school property or at any school function.

Additionally, any student who is under the influence of drugs or alcoholic beverages prior to, or during, attendance at or participation in a school-sponsored activity, will be barred from that activity and may be subject to disciplinary action.

This policy shall be posted on the district's website and notice shall be provided to all students and parents of this policy in accordance with state law. Additionally, the district shall file a copy of this policy with DESE in accordance with law in a manner requested by DESE.

Parents/guardians shall be notified prior to the opening of school each year. Parents/guardians shall have the right to opt out of the screening by written notice prior to or during the screening.

All statements made by a student during a screening are confidential and shall not be disclosed except in the event of immediate medical emergency or in accordance with law. De-identified results shall be reported to the Department of Public Health within 90 days of the completion of the screening process.

This policy shall be posted on the district's website and notice shall be provided to all students and parents of this policy in accordance with state law. Additionally, the district shall file a copy of this policy with DESE in accordance with law in a manner requested by DESE.

Procedures Relative to Drugs and Alcohol

(The Due Process Policy will be implemented for each disciplinary situation described below).

Voluntary Admission of Problem with Substance Use

The schools will offer assistance and support to students who voluntarily seek help for a problem with substance use. While the school will maintain confidential records (except to parents) of students who come forward seeking self-help support, school personnel will not impose discipline nor file a police report in such cases. However, if the student is seeking assistance after a violation of the Code of Conduct has occurred, administration may lessen the disciplinary consequence or reconsider filing charges, dependent upon situation and principal's discretion. The student will be counseled regarding all community-based and school-sponsored services available. Because any behavior that is harmful cannot remain confidential, school personnel will notify parents as appropriate. The purpose of this notification to parents is to prevent harm coming to an individual and to get the appropriate treatment, not to discipline the individual.

Suspicion of Use of Alcohol, Drugs, or Other Controlled/Illegal Substance

On the grounds of reasonable suspicion, school personnel will conduct an investigation. With reasonable grounds for suspecting that a violation of school policy or law has occurred, the school administrators have the legal right to search a student or a student's property.

If the investigation does not provide evidence but leaves some grounds for suspecting involvement with alcohol, drugs or other controlled/illegal substances, the following steps will be taken:

1. If the student appears to be physically impaired:
 - a. The school nurse will assess the student's condition and provide any emergency first aid that may be needed. If the situation warrants it, the student will be taken to the hospital for medical attention.

- b. Parent/guardian will be notified of the student's condition and asked to transport the student home. If a parent/guardian is unavailable, the police department will be asked to remove the student from the building.
2. Parents/guardians will be notified of the suspicion.
3. A conference with the student and parent/guardian will be conducted as soon as possible, generally by the next school day, to provide information about agencies and programs offering help with substance abuse.

If the investigation leads to evidence of involvement with alcohol, drugs or other controlled/illegal substances, the following policy under use and/or possession shall apply.

Possession and/or Use of Weapons, Controlled Substances, and Assault

Pursuant to Chapter 71, Section 37H of the Massachusetts General Laws,

1. Any student who is found on school premises or at school-sponsored or school-related events, including athletic games, in possession of a dangerous weapon, including, but not limited to a gun or knife; or a controlled substance as defined in Chapter 94C, including, but not limited to marijuana, cocaine, and heroin may be subject to expulsion from the school or school district by the Principal
2. Any student, who assaults a Principal, Assistant Principal, teacher, teacher's aide, or other education staff on school premises or at school-sponsored or school-related events, including athletic games, may be subject to expulsion from the school or school district by the Principal.
3. Any student who is charged with a violation of either paragraph 1 or 2 shall be notified in writing of an opportunity for a hearing; provided, however, that the student may have representation, along with the opportunity to present evidence and witness at said hearing before the Principal. After said hearing, a Principal may, in his discretion, decide to suspend rather than expel a student who has determined by the Principal to have violated either paragraph 1 or 2.
4. Any student who has been expelled from a school district pursuant to these provisions shall have a right to appeal to the superintendent. The expelled student shall have ten days from the date of the expulsion in which to notify the superintendent of his/her appeal. The student has a right to counsel at a hearing before the superintendent. The subject matter of the appeal shall not be limited solely to a factual determination of whether the student has violated any provision of this section.
5. When a student is expelled under provision of this section, no school or school district within the commonwealth shall be required to admit such student but will provide educational services to said student. If the student does apply for admission to another school or school district, the superintendent of the school district to which the application is made may request and shall receive from the superintendent of the school expelling said student a written statement of the reasons for said expulsion.

Felony Complaint or Felony Conviction of Student

Pursuant to Chapter 71, Section 37H-1/2:

Upon issuance of either a criminal complaint charging a student with a felony, upon the issuance of a felony delinquency complaint against a student or upon a student being convicted of a felony or upon an adjudication or admission in court of guilt with respect to such a felony or felony delinquency, the Principal of a school in which the student is enrolled may suspend such student for a period of time determined appropriate by the Principal if he/she determines that the student's continued presence in school would have substantial detrimental effect on the general welfare of the school.

The student shall receive written notification of the charges and the reasons for such suspension prior to such suspension taking effect. The student shall also receive written notification of this right to appeal and the process for appealing such suspension; provided, however, that such suspension shall remain in effect prior to any appeal hearing conducted by the superintendent. The student shall have the right to appeal the suspension to the superintendent. The student shall notify the superintendent in writing of his request for an appeal no later than five calendar days following the effective date of the suspension.

The superintendent shall hold a hearing with the student and the student's parent or guardian within three calendar days of the student's request for appeal. At the hearing, the student shall have the right to present oral and written testimony on his behalf, and shall have the right to counsel. The superintendent shall have the authority to overturn or alter the decision of the Principal, including recommending an alternate education program for the student. The superintendent shall render a decision on the appeal within five days of the hearing. Such decision shall be the final decision of the city, town, or regional school district with regard to the suspension.

Upon a student being convicted of a felony or upon an adjudication or admission in court of guilt with respect to such a felony or felony delinquency, the principal or headmaster of a school in which the student is enrolled may expel said student if such principal or headmaster determines that the student's continued presence in school would have a substantial detrimental effect on the general welfare of the school. The student shall receive written notification of the charges and reasons for such expulsion prior to such expulsion taking effect. The student shall also receive written notification of his right to appeal and the process for appealing such expulsion; provided, however, that the expulsion shall remain in effect prior to any appeal hearing conducted by the superintendent.

The student shall have the right to appeal the expulsion to the superintendent. The student shall notify the superintendent, in writing, of his request for an appeal no later than five calendar days following the effective date of the expulsion. The superintendent shall hold a hearing with the student and the student's parent or guardian within three calendar days of the expulsion. At the hearing, the student shall have the right to present oral and written testimony on his behalf, and shall have the right to counsel. The superintendent shall have the authority to overturn or alter the decision of the principal or headmaster, including recommending an alternate educational program for the student. The superintendent shall render a decision on the appeal within five calendar days of the hearing. Such decision shall be the final decision of the city, town or regional school district with regard to the expulsion.

Any school district that suspends or expels a student under this section shall continue to provide educational services to the student during the period of suspension or expulsion, under section 21 of chapter 76. If the student moves to another district during the period of suspension or expulsion, the new district of residence shall either admit the student to its schools or provide educational services to the student under an education service plan, under section 21 of chapter 76.

Bullying Prevention and Intervention **Commitment**

The South Hadley Public School District is committed to creating and sustaining a safe, caring, respectful learning environment for all students. We will treat all members of our community with civility and respect in an inclusive environment. Key words that represent our action and our words are kindness, dignity, responsibility, courage and honesty. Our schools strictly enforce a prohibition against bullying of any students or staff by any student or member of the school staff. The School Committee expects that in collaboration with teachers, families and community members, each school will develop and implement a plan for education and discipline, including curriculum, to prevent bullying and to help adults and students to respond effectively to reports and observations of bullying.

Definition of School Staff

For the purpose of this policy, school staff is defined as including, but is not limited to, administrators, advisors to extracurricular activities, athletic coaches, bus drivers, cafeteria workers, clerical employees, custodians, educators, paraprofessionals, and school nurses. School staff may be named the "aggressor" or "perpetrator" in a bullying report. School staff can be the victim or the aggressor.

Definition of Bullying

Bullying is the repeated use by one or more persons of written, verbal or electronic expression or a physical act of gesture, (deliberate acts of exclusion which have the same effect are also considered forms of bullying under this policy) or any combination thereof, directed at a target that has the effect of:

1. Causing physical or emotional harm, or of damage to his/her property,

2. Placing a target in reasonable fear of harm or of damage to his/her property,
3. Creating an unwelcoming or hostile environment at school for another person,
4. Infringing on the rights of another person at school, or
5. Materially and substantially disrupting the education process or the orderly operation of a school.

Cyber-Bullying

Cyber-bullying is bullying through the use of technology or any electronic communication, which shall include, but shall not be limited to, any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by any of the following: wire, radio, electromagnetic, photo-electronic or photo-optical system including, but not limited to, electronic mail, internet communications, instant messages, facsimile communications, cell phone, texting or social media.

Cyber-bullying shall also include the creation of a webpage or blog in which the creator assumes the identity of another person or knowingly impersonates another person as author of posted content or messages, if the creation or impersonation creates any of the conditions enumerated in the definition of bullying.

Cyber-bullying shall also include the distribution by electronic means of a communication to more than one person or the posting of material on an electronic medium that may be accessed by one or more persons, if the distribution or posting creates any of the conditions enumerated in the definition of bullying.

Bullying and cyber-bullying can occur in and out of school, during and after school hours, at home and in locations outside of a home. When bullying and cyber-bullying are alleged, the full cooperation and assistance of parents or guardians and their families are expected.

For the purpose of this policy, whenever the term bullying is used it is to denote either bullying or cyber-bullying.

Some student misconduct that falls under South Hadley Public Schools' bullying prevention policy may also fall under one or more of the federal anti-discrimination laws that prohibit harassment on the basis of race, color, national origin, disability, gender identity or sex. Harassment on the basis of these enumerated categories is discrimination and a federal civil rights violation that schools are obligated to address.

Procedures Related to Acts of Retaliation

Retaliation against a student who reports or witnesses bullying will also be treated as a form of bullying. When a student is alleged to have retaliated against another student, administrators will follow the same procedures that are used for investigation of bullying incidents. In responding to bullying incidents, including acts of retaliation, administrators will warn aggressors that retaliation will lead to disciplinary action, up to and including the possibility of expulsion. Depending on circumstances, an administrator may assign a staff member to monitor the activities of a potential retaliator or to protect a victim from further harassment and/or retaliation by an aggressor.

Bullying Prohibited

Bullying is prohibited on school grounds, property immediately adjacent to school grounds, at school-sponsored or school-related activities, functions or programs whether on or off school grounds, at school bus stops, on school buses or other vehicles owned, leased or used by the district, or through the use of technology or an electronic device owned, leased or used by the school district.

Bullying is also prohibited at a location, activity, function or program that is not school-related or through the use of technology or an electronic device that is not owned, leased or used by the district, if the act or acts in question create a hostile environment at school for the victim, infringe on the rights of the victim at school, or materially and substantially disrupt the education process or the orderly operation of a school.

The School Committee expects administrators to make clear to students and staff that bullying will not be tolerated and will be grounds for disciplinary action up to and including suspension and expulsion for students, and termination for employees.

Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan

The office of the Superintendent or designee shall oversee the development of a prevention and intervention plan, in consultation with all district stakeholders, which may include parents and guardians, teachers school staff, professional support personnel, school

volunteers, administrators, community representatives, local law enforcement agencies, and students, consistent with the requirements of this policy, as well as state and federal laws. The bullying prevention and intervention plan shall be reviewed and updated at least biennially.

1. Include descriptions of and statements prohibiting bullying, cyber-bullying and retaliation,
2. Establish clear procedures for students and staff to report bullying or retaliation,
3. Include a provision that reports of bullying or retaliation may be made anonymously, provided that no disciplinary action shall be taken against a student solely on the basis of an anonymous report,
4. Establish clear procedures for promptly responding to and investigating reports of bullying or retaliation,
5. Identify the range of disciplinary actions that may be taken against a perpetrator for bullying or retaliation,
6. Establish clear procedures for restoring a sense of safety for a victim and assessing that person's needs for protection,
7. Establish strategies for protecting from bullying or retaliation a person who reports bullying, provides information during an investigation or is witness to or has reliable information about an act of bullying,
8. Establish procedures for promptly notifying the parents or guardians of a victim and a perpetrator, for notifying the parents or guardians of a victim of the action taken to prevent any
9. Further acts of bullying, and for notifying local law enforcement officials where criminal charges may be pursued against the perpetrator,
10. Include a provision that a person who knowingly makes a false accusation of bullying shall be subject to disciplinary action, and
11. Include a strategy for providing counseling in-house or referral to appropriate services for perpetrators and victims and for appropriate family members of the students.

The principal or designee is responsible for the implementation and oversight of the plan except when a reported bullying incident involves the principal or the assistant principal as the alleged aggressor. In such cases, the Superintendent or designee shall be responsible for investigating the report and other steps necessary to implement the plan, including addressing the safety of the alleged victim. If the Superintendent is the alleged aggressor, the School Committee or its designee shall be responsible for investigating the report and taking other steps necessary to implement the plan, including addressing the safety of the alleged victim.

Reporting

Students who believe that they are a target of bullying are encouraged and urged to report the matter to a member of the school staff. However, the target shall not be subject to discipline for failing to report bullying. Students who observe an act of bullying, or who have reasonable grounds to believe that these behaviors are taking place, are obligated to report such incidents.

Bullying Incident Reporting Forms (appendix B) are available in the main office, guidance suite, or the district's website.

A school or district staff member shall immediately report any instance of suspected bullying or retaliation the staff member has witnessed or become aware of to the principal or designee. This includes bullying or retaliation of a student by another student or bullying or retaliation of a student by a staff member. If the principal is the alleged aggressor, the report shall be made to the Superintendent or designee. If the Superintendent is the alleged aggressor, the report shall be made to the School Committee or designee. If the staff member fails to report, he or she may be subject to disciplinary action.

Parents or guardians, or members of the community, are encouraged to report any incidents of suspected bullying as soon as possible to the principal or designee. This includes bullying of a student by another student or by a staff member. If the principal is the alleged aggressor, the report shall be made to the Superintendent or designee. If the Superintendent is the alleged aggressor, the report shall be made to the School Committee or designee.

Each school shall have a means for anonymous reporting by students of incidents of suspected bullying. No formal disciplinary action shall be taken solely on the basis of an anonymous report.

Any student who is found to have knowingly made a false accusation/report of bullying may be subject to disciplinary action.

Investigation Procedures

A school principal or designee shall promptly investigate any report of bullying, using a Bullying/Cyber-bullying Report Form. The investigation may include, but is not limited to, interviewing the alleged target, alleged aggressor, staff members, students and/or witnesses. The person responsible for conducting the investigation shall remind the alleged student aggressor, target, and witnesses of the importance of the investigation, their obligation to be truthful and that retaliation against someone who reports bullying or provides information during a bullying investigation is strictly prohibited and will result in disciplinary action.

The parents or guardians of both the student aggressor(s) and the target(s) will be updated periodically during the investigation, and upon its completion, shall be informed of the results, including whether the allegations were found to be factual, whether a violation of this policy was found, whether disciplinary action shall be taken, and whether or not steps will be taken to prevent retaliation or further acts of bullying.

A principal or designee, upon determination that bullying or retaliation has occurred, shall promptly contact the parents or guardians of the alleged target(s); and when the alleged aggressor(s) is a student, parents or guardians of the alleged aggressor(s). Actions being taken to prevent further acts of bullying shall be discussed. If it is believed that criminal charges may be pursued against the perpetrator, the principal shall consult with the school's resource officer and the Superintendent to determine if criminal charges are warranted. If it is determined that criminal charges are warranted, the local law enforcement agency shall be notified.

If the alleged aggressor is a staff member, notice will be made to that individual in accordance with district policies and procedures, including in accordance with any applicable collective bargaining agreements. The individual will be updated periodically during the investigations and, upon its completion, shall be informed of the results, including whether the allegations were found to be factual, whether a violation of this policy was found, whether disciplinary action has or shall be taken and whether or what steps will be taken to prevent retaliation or further acts of bullying.

A principal or designee shall assess an alleged target's needs for protection and create and implement a safety plan that shall restore a sense of safety for that student.

Confidentiality shall be maintained to protect all parties, which includes, but is not limited to, alleged aggressor(s), target(s), a person who reports bullying, or provides information during an investigation of bullying, or is witness to or has reliable information about an act of bullying.

Disciplinary Actions

Disciplinary actions for students who are found to have committed an act of bullying or retaliation shall be in accordance with SHPS disciplinary policies.

Disciplinary actions for employees who are found to have committed an act of bullying or retaliation shall be in accordance with state law, any applicable collective bargaining agreements, and South Hadley Public Schools' policies and procedures.

Assistance

The South Hadley Public Schools may provide appropriate counseling or referral to appropriate services including, but not limited to, guidance, academic intervention, and protection to any affected students, as necessary.

Documentation

Each school shall document any incident of bullying that is reported per policy and the principal or designee shall maintain a file of these reports.

The Superintendent or designee shall inform the School Committee periodically of any trends or implications of these reports in order to give the School Committee the opportunity to review and amend this policy.

Confidentiality shall be maintained consistent with the school's obligations under law.

Programs

The school district will implement an anti-bullying program as a required part of the curriculum at each grade level. It will be based in age-appropriate instruction on bullying prevention using evidence-based curricula. Furthermore, the district will provide

instruction on civil and ethical behavior at each grade level and hold students and adults responsible for behaving with respect toward one another at all times. Instruction will include appreciation of human differences and avoidance of behaviors that discriminate against others based on their gender, gender identity and gender expression, sexual orientation, race, national origin, religion or disability.

Staff Development

The bullying prevention and intervention plan shall include ongoing professional development of all members of the school staff to build the skills to prevent, identify and respond to bullying and to implement the bullying prevention and intervention plan. The content of such professional development shall include, but not be limited to (1) developmentally appropriate strategies to prevent bullying incidents; (2) developmentally appropriate strategies for immediate, effective interventions to stop bullying incidents; (3) information regarding the complex interaction and power differential that can take place between and among the perpetrator, the victim and any witnesses to the bullying; (4) research findings on bullying; (5) information on the incidence and nature of cyber-bullying; (6) internet safety issues as they relate to cyber-bullying; and (7) legal issues and responsibilities related to bullying. The school staff shall receive annual written notice of the bullying prevention and intervention policy.

Parent/Guardian Education

The bullying prevention and intervention plan shall include provisions for educating parents and guardians about the bullying prevention curriculum at each school, how they can reinforce the curriculum at home, how they can support the district's prevention and intervention plan, the dynamics of bullying and online safety and cyber-bullying.

The district shall provide to students and their parents or guardians in age-appropriate terms and in the most prevalent languages of families, annual written notice of relevant sections of the bullying prevention plan in the student handbook.

LEGAL REFERENCE: Title VII, Section 703, Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended
Federal Regulation 74676 issued by the EEO Commission
Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972
603 CMR 26:00
M.G.L. 71:370; 265:43,43A; 268: 13B; 269:14A

REFERENCES: Massachusetts Department of Elementary & Secondary Education's
Model Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan

Adoption date: June 30, 2010
Revised: September 8, 2010
Revised: October 27, 2010
Revised: November 10, 2010
Re-adoption date: May 27, 2014
Revised: March 7, 2017
Revised: March 5, 2018

Criminal Harassment

Chapter 164 of the Acts of 2000: An Act Relative to the Crime of Criminal Harassment, Section 43A.

1. Whoever willfully and maliciously engages in a knowing pattern of conduct or series of acts over a period of time directed at a specific person, which seriously alarms that person and would cause a reasonable person to suffer substantial emotional distress, shall be guilty of the crime of criminal harassment and shall be punished by imprisonment in a house of correction for not more than two and one-half years or by a fine of not more than \$1000.00 or by both such fine and imprisonment. Such conduct or acts described in this paragraph shall include, but not be limited to, conduct or acts conducted by mail or by use of a telephonic or telecommunication device including, but not limited to, electronic mail, internet communications, or facsimile communications.
2. Whoever, after having been convicted of the crime of criminal harassment, commits a second or subsequent such crime, or whoever commits the crime of criminal harassment having previously been convicted of a violation of section 43, shall be punished by imprisonment in a house of correction for not more than two and one half years or by imprisonment in the state prison for not more than ten years.

Hazing - Penalties

Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 269, Sections 17-19 states the following:

Section 17: Whoever is a Principal organizer or participant in the crime of hazing, as defined herein, shall be punished by a fine of not more than three thousand dollars or by imprisonment in a house of correction for not more than one year, or both such fine and imprisonment.

The term "hazing" as used in this section and in sections eighteen (18) and nineteen (19), shall mean any conduct or method of initiation into any student organization, whether on public or private property, which fully or recklessly endangers the physical or mental health of any student or other person. Such conducts shall include whipping, beating, branding, forced calisthenics, exposure to the weather, forced consumption of any food, liquor, beverage, drug or other substance, or any other brutal treatment or forced physical activity which is likely to adversely affect the physical health or safety of any such student or other person, or which subjects such student or other person to extreme mental stress, including extended deprivation of sleep or rest or extended isolation.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section to the contrary, consent shall not be available as a defense to any prosecution under this action.

Section 18: Whoever knows that another person is the victim of hazing as defined in section seventeen (17) and is at the scene of such crime shall, to the extent that such person can do so without danger or peril to himself or others, report such crime to an appropriate law enforcement official as soon as reasonably practicable. Whoever fails to report such crime shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars.

Section 19: Each institution of secondary education and each public and private institution of post secondary education shall issue to every student group, student team or student organization which is part of such institution or permitted by the institution to use its name or facilities or is known by the institution to exist as an unaffiliated student group, student team or student organization, a copy of this section and sections seventeen and eighteen to unaffiliated student groups, teams or organizations shall not constitute evidence of the institution's recognition or endorsement of said unaffiliated student groups, teams or organizations.

Each such group, team or organization shall distribute a copy of this section and sections seventeen and eighteen of its members, plebes, pledges, or applicants for membership. It shall be the duty of each such group, team or organization, acting through its designated officer, to deliver annually, to the institution an attested acknowledgment stating that such group, team or organization has received a copy of this section and said sections seventeen and eighteen, that each of its members, plebes, pledges, or applicants has received a copy of sections seventeen and eighteen, and that such group, team or organization understands and agrees to comply with the provisions of this section and sections seventeen and eighteen.

Each institution of secondary education and each public or private institution of post secondary education shall deliver, at least annually, before or at the start of enrollment, to each person who enrolls as a full time student in such institution, a copy of this section and sections seventeen and eighteen.

Each institution of secondary education and each public or private institution of post secondary education shall file, at least annually, a report with the regents of higher education and in the case of secondary institutions, the Board of Education, certifying that such institution has complied with its responsibility to inform student groups, teams, organizations and to notify each full time student enrolled by it of the provisions of this section and sections seventeen and eighteen and also certifying that said institution has adopted a disciplinary policy with regard to the organizers and participants of hazing, and that such policy has been set forth with appropriate emphasis in the student handbook or similar means of communicating the institution's policies to its students. The board of regents and, in the case of secondary institutions, the Board of Education shall promulgate regulations governing the content and frequency of such reports, and shall forthwith report to the Attorney General any such institution that fails to make such report.

Physical Restraint

School District General Policy

It is the policy of the district to use physical restraint only in emergency situations of last resort, after other lawful and less intrusive alternatives have failed or been deemed inappropriate, and with extreme caution.

In accordance with this policy, physical restraint shall only be used by employees who have received the necessary training under 603 CMR 46.04(2) or 603 CMR 46.04(3). Employees shall use physical restraint with two goals in mind:

1. To administer a physical restraint only when needed to protect a student and/or a member of the school community from assault or imminent, serious, physical harm; and
2. To prevent or minimize any harm to the student as a result of the use of physical restraint.

Program staff shall review and consider any known medical or psychological limitations, known or suspected trauma history, and/or behavioral intervention plans regarding the use of physical restraint on an individual student.

What Constitutes Physical Restraint?

Physical restraint is direct physical contact which prevents or significantly restricts a student's freedom of movement. Physical restraint does not include: brief physical contact to promote safety, providing physical guidance or prompting when teaching a skill, redirecting attention, providing comfort, or a physical escort.

Physical Escort Not a Restraint- A physical escort, defined as a temporary touching or holding, without the use of force, of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back for the purpose of inducing a student that is agitated to walk to a safe location, is not considered to be a physical restraint.

Permitted physical escorts include guiding a student to time-out (if the student is not fighting the re-direction against his/her will), redirecting students by a busy road, or grabbing a student who is about to fall, or breaking up a fight between students.

Who May be Involved in Physical Restraint?

Only staff members who have received training in the use of physical restraint as a member of program staff, or staff members who have received in-depth training as a school-wide resource can administer physical restraint.

When is the Use of Physical Restraint Appropriate?

The use physical restraint is appropriate only in emergency situations of last resort after other lawful and less intrusive alternatives have failed or been deemed inappropriate. In all instances physical restraint must be conducted with extreme caution. Whenever possible, physical restraint must be witnessed by at least one person who is not participating in the restraint.

Emergency Situations- The student represents an imminent danger to self or others.

Last Resort- Other methods of de-escalation or behavior support have been unsuccessful, or would be inappropriate.

When is the Use of Physical Restraint Prohibited?

Physical restraint may not be used in any of the following circumstances:

1. Punishment- Physical restraint as a means of punishment is strictly prohibited.
2. Student Medical Safety Concerns- Physical restraint shall not be used where it cannot be safely implemented because of medical conditions (such as asthma, seizures, a cardiac condition, obesity, bronchitis, communication-related disabilities, or risk of vomiting).
3. Student Misbehavior Not Resulting in Assault or Imminent, Serious, Physical Harm- Physical restraint may not be used in response to a destruction of property, disruption of school order, refusal to comply with a public education program rule or staff directive, or verbal threats when those actions do not constitute a threat of assault, or imminent, serious physical harm.
4. Physical Restraint as a Standard Response - Physical restraint may not be used as a standard response. Employees are required to engage in positive behavioral interventions. No written behavioral or individualized educational program (IEP) may include the use of physical restraint as a standard response to any behavior.*

*Note: Teams must be proactive at IEP meetings to remove references to the use of restraints which were permitted prior to January 1, 2016.

What Amount of Force May be Used When Physical Restraint is Appropriate?

When the use of physical restraint is appropriate, properly trained employee(s) shall only use the amount of force reasonably necessary to protect a student or another member of the school community from assault or from imminent, serious, physical harm.

What Safety Procedures are required in the Use of Physical Restraint?

The use of physical restraint shall be done in the safest method available and appropriate to the situation in a manner to prevent or minimize physical harm. Physical restraint shall not be administered in a manner in which the student is prevented from breathing or speaking.

During the restraint a staff member must continuously monitor the physical status of the student, including skin temperature and color, and respiration. If, at any time during a physical restraint, the student expresses or demonstrates significant physical distress including, but not limited to, difficulty breathing, the student shall be released from the restraint immediately, and school staff shall take steps to seek medical assistance.

What Types of Physical Restraint and Separation Techniques are prohibited?

The use of mechanical restraint, medication restraint, and seclusion are prohibited in all instances. The use of prone restraint is generally prohibited.

Mechanical restraint- Mechanical restraint is defined as the use of any device or equipment to restrict a student's movement.

Medication restraint- Medication restraint is defined as the administration of medication for the purpose of temporarily controlling behavior. Medication prescribed by a licensed physician and authorized by the parent for administration in the school setting is not medication restraint.

Seclusion- Seclusion is defined as the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or area from which the student is physically prevented from leaving.

Prone Restraint- As indicated above, the use of prone restraint is generally prohibited. Prone restraint is a physical restraint in which a student is placed face down on the floor or another surface, and physical pressure is applied to the student's body to keep the student in the face down position.

Prone restraint is prohibited, except when all of the following criteria are met:

- the student has a documented history of repeatedly causing serious injury to self or others;
- all other forms of restraint have been unsuccessful in ensuring safety;
- there are no medical contraindications as documented by a licensed physician;
- there is psychological or behavioral justification with no psychological or behavioral contraindications as documented by a licensed mental health professional;
- the program has obtained consent from the parent to use prone restraint in an emergency, and the consent has been approved in writing by the principal;
- the program has documented all of the above in advance of the use of prone restraint.

How Long May the Physical Restraint Continue?

Any use of physical restraint shall end as soon as the student is no longer an immediate danger to him/herself and/or others.

Principal Approval Required for Restraints In Excess of Twenty (20) Minutes- If a student is restrained for a period longer than twenty (20) minutes, program staff shall obtain the approval of the principal. The approval shall be based upon the student's continued agitation during the restraint justifying the need for continued restraint.

What is the Difference between Seclusion and Time-Out?

Seclusion occurs when a student who is left alone with no staff present or immediately available in an area where the student is prevented from leaving. Seclusion is not permitted under any circumstances.

Time-outs are a permitted behavioral support strategy. Time-outs involve a temporary separation of a student from learning activities or from the classroom, either by choice or by direction of staff for the purpose of calming.

Time-outs must end as soon as the student has calmed. If time-outs are used as a behavioral support strategy, there must be a procedure in place for the use of time-outs that includes a process for obtaining principal approval for time-outs of more than thirty (30) minutes. During a time-out the student must be continually observed by staff member(s). Staff member(s) must be with the student or immediately available to the student at all times.

The space used for time-out must be clean, safe, sanitary, and appropriate for the purpose of calming.

What Notification is Required Following the Use of Physical Restraint?

Employee Notification to Principal- Employees who administered restraint are required to verbally inform the principal as soon as possible, and submit a written report no later than the next school day.

Parent Notification- The principal or director of pupil services, or his/her designee, will make reasonable efforts to verbally notify the student's parents of the physical restraint within twenty-four (24) hours of the event. A written report will be sent to the parents/guardians within three (3) school days by an email provided to the school by the parent/guardian or postmarked within three (3) school days by regular mail. If the parent/guardian receives school-related information in a language other than English, the written report shall be provided in such non-English language. The student and parents/guardians shall have the right to respond to the use of physical restraint as well as the content of the report verbally or in writing.

What Must be Included in the Written Report to Parents/Guardians Following a Restraint?

The written report to parents within three (3) school days must include the following:

1. The name of the student; the names and job titles of the staff who administered the restraint, and observers, if any; the date of the restraint; the time the restraint began and ended; and the name of the principal or designee who was verbally informed following the restraint; and, as applicable, the name of the principal or designee who approved continuation of the restraint beyond 20 minutes pursuant to 603 CMR 46.05(5) (c).
2. A description of the activity in which the restrained student and other students and staff in the same room or vicinity were engaged immediately preceding the use of physical restraint; the behavior that prompted the restraint; the efforts made to prevent escalation of behavior, including the specific de-escalation strategies used; alternatives to restraint that were attempted; and the justification for initiating physical restraint.
3. A description of the administration of the restraint including the holds used and reasons such holds were necessary; the student's behavior and reactions during the restraint; how the restraint ended; and documentation of injury to the student and/or staff, if any, during the restraint and any medical care provided.
4. Information regarding any further action(s) that the school has taken or may take, including any consequences that may be imposed on the student.
5. Information regarding opportunities for the student's parents to discuss with school officials the administration of the restraint, any consequences that may be imposed on the student, and any other related matter.

What Action Other than the Written Report is Required Following a Restraint?

The district is required to take certain follow up procedures in addition to the report. The follow-up procedures required are dependent upon whether the student was restrained once over the course of a week, or was restrained multiple times over the course of the week.

Single Restraint of Student in the Course of a Week- After the release of a student from a restraint, the district shall review the incident with the student to address the behavior that precipitated the restraint, review the incident with the staff person(s) who administered the restraint to discuss whether proper restraint procedures were followed, and consideration of whether any follow-up is appropriate for students who witnessed the incident.

Multiple Restraints of Student in the Week- The principal is required to conduct weekly reviews of restraint data. If the principal identifies a student or student(s) who have been identified as being restrained multiple times during the course of the week, the principal shall convene a team to assess the restrained student's progress and needs. This assessment shall include at least the following:

1. review and discussion of the written reports and any comments provided by the student and parent about such reports and the use of the restraints;

2. analysis of the circumstances leading up to each restraint, including factors such as time of day, day of the week, antecedent events, and individuals involved;
3. consideration of factors that may have contributed to escalation of behaviors, consideration of alternatives to restraint, including de-escalation techniques and possible interventions, and such other strategies and decisions as appropriate, with the goal of reducing or eliminating the use of restraint in the future;
4. agree on a written plan of action by the program.

*Note- If the principal directly participated in the restraint, a duly qualified individual designated by the superintendent or board of trustees shall lead the review team's discussion. The principal shall ensure that a record of each individual student review is maintained and made available for review by the Department or the parent, upon request.

Principal Monthly Review

As mentioned above, the principal is required to conduct weekly reviews to determine if any students have been physically restrained multiple times. Additionally, the principal shall conduct a monthly review of school-wide restraint data. This review shall consider patterns of use of restraints by similarities in the time of day, day of the week, or individuals involved; the number and duration of physical restraints school-wide and for individual students; the duration of restraints; and the number and type of injuries, if any, resulting from the use of restraint. The principal shall determine whether it is necessary or appropriate to modify the school's restraint prevention and management policy, conduct additional staff training on restraint reduction/prevention strategies, such as training on positive behavioral interventions and supports, or take such other action as necessary or appropriate to reduce or eliminate restraints.

What Information Is Reported to the State Regarding the Use of Physical Restraint?

Injury reports and annual data on the use of physical restraints must be reported to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (Department).

Injury reports- All restraint-related injuries will be reported by the District to the Department. When a physical restraint has resulted in an injury to a student or program staff member, the program shall send a copy of the written report detailed above postmarked no later than three (3) school days of the administration of the restraint. The District shall also send the Department a copy of the record of physical restraints written reports for the thirty (30) day period prior to the date of the reported restraint. Within thirty (30) calendar days the Department will determine if any action is warranted.

Annual report- The District will collect data concerning every use of physical restraint and report such data to the Department on an annual basis. Such data shall be reported in a manner and form directed by the Department.

Staff Training Requirements

Annually, the District will conduct general staff training covering information on the role of the student, family, and staff in preventing restraint. The training will cover the District's restraint prevention and behavior support policy and procedures, including the use of time-out as distinct from seclusion.

Staff will be instructed in interventions that could be used to preclude the need for restraint, as well as de-escalation techniques and other alternatives. Staff will also receive information on the types of permitted physical restraints and related safety considerations, including medical or psychological limitations, known or suspected trauma history. Staff who have received or will receive in-depth training and who can serve as resources to others should be identified to the school staff as a whole.

For those staff members who will receive in-depth training, the Department recommends that the training in the use of physical restraint be at least 16 hours and include an annual refresher training. Such training must include at least the following:

- Appropriate procedures for preventing the use of physical restraint, including the de-escalation of problematic behavior, relationship building and the use of alternatives to restraint;
- A description and identification of specific dangerous behaviors on the part of students that may lead to the use of physical restraint and methods for evaluating the risk of harm in individual situations in order to determine whether the use of restraint is warranted;

- The simulated experience of administering and receiving physical restraint, instruction regarding the effect(s) on the person restrained, including instruction on monitoring physical signs of distress and obtaining medical assistance;
- Instruction regarding documentation and reporting requirements and investigation of injuries and complaints;
- Demonstration by participants of proficiency in administering physical restraint; and,
- Instruction regarding the impact of physical restraint on the student and family, recognizing the act of restraint has impact, including but not limited to psychological, physiological, and social-emotional effects.

Procedures for Receiving and Investigating Complaints

Before initiating a formal complaint procedure, a student or his/her parent/guardian who has concerns regarding a specific use of a physical restraint, may seek to resolve his/her concerns regarding specific use of a physical restraint by raising the issue with the principal. The student and/or his/her parent/guardian should direct their concerns regarding a specific use of a physical restraint to the principal within ten (10) days of the parent/guardian's receipt of the written report from the school. The principal shall attempt, within his/her authority to work with the individual to resolve the complaint fairly and expeditiously. If the student and/or his/her parent/guardian are not satisfied with the resolution, or if the student and/or his/her parent/guardian does not choose informal resolution, then the student and/or his/her parent/guardian may proceed with the formal complaint process.

A student or his/her parent/guardian, who has concerns regarding specific use of a physical restraint, may seek to resolve concerns regarding a specific use of a physical restraint by submitting a written complaint to the Office of the Superintendent. The student and /or his/her parent/guardian should submit this letter to the Office of the Superintendent within twenty (20) days of the parent/guardian's receipt of the written report from the school. The written complaint shall include (a) the name of student; (b) the name of the school where the physical restraint allegedly occurred; (c) the name of the individuals involved in the alleged physical restraint; (d) the basis of the complaint or concern; and (e) the corrective action to be sought.

The Office of the Superintendent, through its designees, shall conduct an investigation into the complaint promptly after receiving the complaint. In the course of its investigation, the Office of the Superintendent and/or its designees shall contact those individuals that have been referred to as having pertinent information related to the complaint. Strict timelines cannot be set for conducting the investigation because each set of circumstances is different. The Office of the Superintendent and/or designees will make sure the complaint is handled as quickly as feasible. After completing the formal investigation, the Office of the Superintendent shall contact the individual who filed the complaint regarding the outcome of its investigation and its determination as to whether any corrective action is warranted.

Title IX / Chapter 622 and 504 Regulations

In accordance with Title IX regulations of the Educational Amendments of 1972 and Chapter 622 of the General Laws of Massachusetts, Act of 1971, the South Hadley School District asserts its compliance to the following policies:

Title IX states, "No person in the United States shall on the basis of sex be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under the program or activity receiving Federal funds".

Chapter 622 of the General Laws states, "No person shall be excluded from or discriminated against in admission to a public school of any town, or in obtaining the advantage, privileges, and courses of study of such public school on account of race, color, sex, gender identity, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, disability or homelessness."

In addition, Section 504 of the Federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 states, "No otherwise qualified handicapped individual, shall, solely by reason of their handicap, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefit of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal Funds".

Information on grievance procedures for any of the above regulations is available as is any information relative to the regulations. For information please contact:

Ms. Diana Bonneville
 South Hadley High School
 153 Newton Street

Nondiscrimination Prohibition of Sexual Harassment or Discrimination

Individuals who experience sexual harassment or discrimination from co-workers/teacher or others should make it clear that such behavior is offensive to them and file a written complaint in accordance with policy. In fulfilling our obligation to maintain a positive and productive work/learning environment, the School Committee and district officials will make every attempt to maintain an environment free of sexual harassment or discrimination by education staff and students regarding these issues and to halt any harassment or discrimination of which they become aware by calling attention to this policy and/or by disciplinary action, if necessary.

This policy shall be administered consistent with relevant provisions of existing collective bargaining agreements and other school department policies, especially those concerning students.

Sexual Harassment / Discrimination Complaint Procedure

1. Any employee or student who encounters sexual harassment / discrimination as defined in the school district's policy statement may file a complaint in accordance with the following procedures. This complaint procedure is not applicable to situations for which other appeal and adjudication procedures are provided in state laws, contracts or policies utilized by the employees or students.
2. Purpose: The primary purpose of this procedure is to secure, at the earliest level possible, equitable solutions to a claim of a complaint, if the claim is justifiable. The proceeding shall be kept confidential at each level of this procedure to the extent possible. Consistent with requirements of the applicable collective bargaining agreements and Open Meeting Law, M.G.L. c. 39, 23B, the individual against whom the complaint is filed will be notified and provided with specifics of the complaint at the earliest possible level. No retaliation against an employee for initiating such a complaint will be tolerated.
3. Time: The number of days indicated at each level shall be regarded as a maximum and every effort shall be made to expedite the process. However, the time limits specified may be extended by mutual agreement of the complainant and the administration.
4. Level One: Any employee/student who believes that he or she has been the subject of sexual harassment / discrimination should report the alleged charge immediately to the Principal of his or her building or, if the Principal is the subject of alleged charge or if the employee/student feels uncomfortable discussing the allegations with the Principal, he/she may contact the assistant to the superintendent for management services or the superintendent of schools. All complaints will be reduced to writing following an informal discussion of the allegations in order for the matter to proceed further.
5. The administrator will investigate and render a decision regarding the complaint and any action or recommended action to be taken within ten (10) calendar days.
6. Level Two: If the complainant deems it desirable to carry the complaint beyond the decision reached in Level One, he/she may within five (5) days file his/her complaint with the superintendent (if the superintendent has been involved in the alleged charges at Level One, the complainant may carry to complaint to Level Three). The superintendent shall evaluate the evident and render his/her decision within ten (10) days after receiving the appeal.
7. Level Three: If the complainant deems it desirable to carry the complains beyond the decision reached in Level Two, he/she may within five (5) school days file her/ her complaint with the School Committee.
8. Upon receiving the complaint, the matter shall be placed upon the agenda of the School Committee, for consideration at the next regular meeting of the committee, and a final determination shall be made with ten (10) days from said meeting. Said meetings shall be held in accordance with Chapter 39, Sections 23A, 23B, and 23C of the General Laws of Massachusetts.

9. Withdrawal: A complaint may be withdrawn by the complainant at any level.
10. Reprisals: No reprisal of any kind shall be taken by or against any party of legitimate interest or any legitimate participant in the complaint procedure by reason of such participation.
11. State and Federal Remedies: In addition to the above, if an employee/student believes he/she has been subjected to sexual harassment / discrimination, the individual may file a formal complaint with either or both of the government agencies set forth below. Using the school system complaint process does not prohibit the employee/student from filing a complaint with these agencies.

Equal Employment Opportunity

The School Committee subscribes to the fullest extent to the principle of the dignity of all people and of their labors and will take action to ensure that any individual within the district who is responsible for hiring and/or personnel supervision understands that applicants are employed, assigned, and promoted without regard to their race, creed, color, age, sex, gender identity, national origin, disability, sexual orientation, pregnancy or pregnancy related conditions. Every available opportunity will be taken in order to ensure that each applicant for a position is selected on the basis of qualification, merit and ability.

Employees:

The United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (“EEOC”)
 1 Congress Street - 10th Floor
 Boston, MA 02114
 (617) - 565-3200

Employees/Students:

The Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination (“MCAD”)	
Boston Office	Springfield Office
One Ashburton Place - Rm. 601	424 Dwight Street Rm. 220
Boston, MA 02108	Springfield, MA 01103
(617)-727-3990	(413)-739-2145

Claims must be filed with MCAD within six (6) months.

Students:

The United State Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights
 Region I
 33 Arch St., 9th Floor
 Boston, MA 02110
 (617) 289-0111

LEGAL REFS: Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972
 45 CFR, Part 86, (Federal Register, 614175)
 M.G.L. Chapter 278

Due Process for Suspensions

Notice of Proposed Suspension

Except in the case of an emergency removal or disciplinary offense defined under M.G.L. c. 71, §§37H or 37H½ or an in-school suspension as defined by 603 CMR 53.02(6), the school shall provide the student and parent/guardian with written and oral notice of the proposed out-of-school suspension, an opportunity to be heard at hearing, and the opportunity to participate at the hearing.

Notice shall set forth in plain language:

1. the disciplinary offense;
2. the basis for the charge;
3. the potential consequences, including the potential length of the student’s suspension;

4. the opportunity for the student to have a hearing with the principal concerning the proposed suspension, including the opportunity to dispute the charges and to present the student's explanation of the alleged incident, and for the parent/guardian to attend the hearing;
5. the date, time, and location of the hearing;
6. the right of the student and student's parent/guardian to interpreter services at the hearing if needed to participate;

The principal shall make reasonable efforts to notify the parent/guardian orally of the opportunity to attend the hearing. In order to conduct a hearing without the parent/guardian present, the principal must be able to document reasonable efforts to include the parent/guardian. Reasonable effort is presumed if the principal sent written notice and documented at least two attempts to contact the parent/guardian in the manner specified by the parent/guardian for emergency situations.

All written communications regarding notice of proposed suspension shall be either by hand delivery or delivered by first-class mail, certified mail, or email to address provided by the parent/guardian for school communications (or other method agreed to by the principal and parent/guardian) in English, and in the primary language in the home if other than English, or other means of communication where appropriate.

Suspension (M.G.L. c.71, section 37H ¾)

In every case of student misconduct for which suspension may be imposed (except when a student is charged or convicted of a felony), a principal shall consider ways to re-engage the student in learning; and avoid using long-term suspension from school as a consequence until alternatives have been tried. Alternatives may include the use of evidence-based strategies and programs such as mediation, conflict resolution, restorative justice, and positive behavioral interventions and supports.

In School Suspension - Not More Than 10 days Consecutively or Cumulatively

The principal or designee may use in-school suspension as an alternative to short-term suspension for disciplinary offenses.

The principal or designee may impose an in-school suspension for a disciplinary offense under this provision, provided that the principal follows the process set forth in regulation and the student has the opportunity to make academic progress as required by law and regulation.

An in-school suspension is a removal of a student from the regular classroom activities but not the school premises. The procedure for an in-school suspension of no more than 10 school days (consecutive or cumulatively for multiple infractions during the school year) will be as follows:

The principal or designee will inform the student of the disciplinary offense, the basis for the offense, and provide the student an opportunity to respond. If the administrator determines the student committed the disciplinary offense, the administrator will inform the student of the length of the student's in-school suspension, which may not exceed 10 days, cumulatively or consecutively, in a school year.

On the same day as the in-school suspension decision, the principal or designee will make reasonable efforts to notify the parent orally of the disciplinary offense, the reason for concluding the student committed the infraction and the length of the in-school suspension. The communication shall be provided to the parent in their primary language. The parent will be invited to a meeting to discuss the student's academic performance and behavior, strategies for improvement and engagement and possible responses to the behavior. Such meeting will be scheduled on the day of the suspension if possible, and, if not, as soon thereafter as possible. If the principal is unable to reach the parent after making and documenting as least 2 attempts, such attempts will constitute reasonable efforts for the purposes of orally informing the parent of the in-school suspension.

The principal or designee will send written notice in the primary language to the student and parent about the in-school suspension, including the reason and length of the in-school suspension and inviting the parent to a meeting for the purposes set forth above, if such meeting has not already occurred. The written notification of the suspension may be delivered by hand, first class mail, certified mail, email to an address provided by the parent for school communications, or by other method of delivery agreed to by parent and the school administration.

Short Term Suspension of Up to 10 days

Principal's Hearing (Due Process)

The hearing with the principal shall be to hear and consider information regarding the alleged incident for which the student may be suspended, provide the student an opportunity to dispute the charges and explain the circumstances surrounding the alleged incident, determine if the student committed the disciplinary offense, and if so, the consequences for the infraction.

At a minimum, the principal shall discuss the disciplinary offense, the basis for the charge, and any other pertinent information.

The student shall have an opportunity to present information, including mitigating facts, that the principal should consider in determining whether other remedies and consequences may be appropriate as set forth in law and regulation.

The principal shall provide the parent, if present, an opportunity to discuss the student's conduct and offer information, including mitigating circumstances, that the principal should consider in determining appropriate remedies and consequences for the student. The principal shall, based on the available information, including mitigating circumstances, determine whether the student committed the disciplinary offense, and, if so, what remedy or consequence will be imposed.

The principal shall provide the student and parent with written notification, primary language, of the determination and the reasons for it, and, if the student is suspended, the type and duration of suspension and the opportunity to make up assignments and such other school work as needed to make academic progress during the period of removal, as required by law and regulation. If the student is in a public preschool program or in grades K through 3, the principal shall send a copy of the written determination to the superintendent and explain the reasons for imposing an out-of-school suspension, before the short-term suspension takes effect.

Long Term Suspension of More Than 10 Days

Principal's Hearing (Due Process)

The hearing with the principal shall be to hear and consider information regarding the alleged incident for which the student may be suspended, provide the student an opportunity to dispute the charges and explain the circumstances surrounding the alleged incident, determine if the student committed the disciplinary offense, and if so, the consequences for the infraction.

At a minimum, in addition to the rights afforded a student in a short-term suspension hearing, the student shall have the following rights: in advance of the hearing, the opportunity to review the student's record and the documents upon which the principal may rely in making a determination to suspend the student or not; the right to be represented by counsel or a lay person of the student's choice, at the student's/parent's expense; the right to produce witnesses on his or her behalf and to present the student's explanation of the alleged incident, but the student may not be compelled to do so; the right to cross-examine witnesses presented by the school district; and the right to request that the hearing be recorded by the principal, and to receive a copy of the audio recording upon request. If the student or parent requests an audio recording, the principal shall inform all participants before the hearing that an audio record will be made and a copy will be provided to the student and parent upon request.

The principal shall provide the parent, if present, an opportunity to discuss the student's conduct and offer information, including mitigating circumstances, the principal should consider in determining consequences for the student.

The principal shall, based on the evidence, determine whether the student committed the disciplinary offense, and, if so, after considering mitigating circumstances and alternatives to suspension as required by law and regulation, what remedy or consequence will be imposed, in place of or in addition to a long-term suspension. The principal shall send the written determination to the student and parent by hand-delivery, certified mail, first-class mail, email to an address provided by the parent for school communications, or any other method of delivery agreed to by the principal and the parent.

If the principal decides to suspend the student, the written determination shall: identify the disciplinary offense, the date on which the hearing took place, and the participants at the hearing; set out the key facts and conclusions reached by the principal; identify the length and effective date of the suspension, as well as a date of return to school; include notice of the student's opportunity to receive education services to make academic progress during the period of removal from school as required by law and regulation; and inform the student of the right to appeal the principal's decision to the superintendent, but only if the principal has imposed a long-term suspension.

Notice of the right to appeal shall be in the primary language of the home if other than English, or other means of communication where appropriate, and shall include the following information: the process for appealing the decision, including that the student or parent must file a written notice of appeal with the superintendent within five (5) calendar days of the effective date of the long-term suspension; provided that within the five (5) calendar days, the student or parent may request and receive from the superintendent an extension of time for filing the written notice for up to seven (7) additional calendar days; and that the long-term suspension will remain in effect unless and until the superintendent decides to reverse the principal's determination on appeal.

If the student is in a public preschool program or in grades K through 3, the principal shall send a copy of the written determination to the superintendent and explain the reasons for imposing an out-of-school suspension before the suspension takes effect.

Superintendent's Hearing (Due Process)

A student who is placed on long-term suspension following a hearing with the principal shall have the right to appeal the principal's decision to the superintendent.

The student or parent shall file a notice of appeal with the superintendent within the time period noted above (See Principal's Hearing - Suspension of more than 10 days). If the appeal is not timely filed, the superintendent may deny the appeal, or may allow the appeal in his or her discretion, for good cause.

The superintendent shall hold the hearing within three (3) school days of the student's request, unless the student or parent requests an extension of up to seven (7) additional calendar days, in which case the superintendent shall grant the extension.

The superintendent shall make a good faith effort to include the parent in the hearing. The superintendent shall be presumed to have made a good faith effort if he or she has made efforts to find a day and time for the hearing that would allow the parent and superintendent to participate. The superintendent shall send written notice to the parent of the date, time, and location of the hearing.

The superintendent shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the student committed the disciplinary offense of which the student is accused, and, if so, what the consequence shall be. The superintendent shall arrange for an audio recording of the hearing, a copy of which shall be provided to the student or parent upon request. The superintendent shall inform all participants before the hearing that an audio record will be made of the hearing and a copy will be provided to the student and parent upon request. The student shall have all the rights afforded the student at the principal's hearing for long-term suspension.

The superintendent shall issue a written decision within five (5) calendar days of the hearing which meets the requirements of law and regulation. If the superintendent determines that the student committed the disciplinary offense, the superintendent may impose the same or a lesser consequence than the principal, but shall not impose a suspension greater than that imposed by the principal's decision. The decision of the superintendent shall be the final decision of the school district with regard to the suspension.

Emergency Removal

The principal may remove a student from school temporarily when a student is charged with a disciplinary offense and the continued presence of the student poses a danger to persons or property, or materially and substantially disrupts the order of the school and, in the principal's judgment, there is no alternative available to alleviate the danger or disruption.

Prior to the emergency removal, the principal or designee shall make immediate and reasonable effort to orally notify the student and parent of the emergency removal and the reason and need for the emergency removal.

The temporary removal shall not exceed two (2) school days following the day of the emergency removal. The principal shall provide written notice to the student and parent consistent with the content of the Notice of Suspension and Hearing for Long and Short-Term Suspensions. The written notice shall include an opportunity for student and parent to attend the hearing, before the expiration of the two (2) school days, unless an extension of time for hearing is otherwise agreed to by the principal, student, and parent.

The principal shall render a decision orally on the same day as the hearing, and in writing no later than the following school day consistent with the requirements for short or long-term suspensions. The principal shall also ensure adequate provisions have been made for the student's safety and transportation prior to removal.

Expulsion (M.G.L. c.71 sections 37H and 37H ½)

Students are subject to expulsion by the principal for conduct, which includes possession of a dangerous weapon, possession of a controlled substance and assault on teachers, administrators or other school personnel.

Dangerous weapons shall include but not be limited to a loaded or unloaded gun, knife, slingshot, metallic knuckles, club, blackjack, billy club, explosives, chemicals, instruments of arson, etc., including weapons listed in M.G.L. Ch. 269, §10. In addition, an object or body part which could inflict harm, if used in a threatening or intimidating way, shall be considered to be a dangerous weapon. Such dangerous weapons may include, but are not limited to a shod foot, spikes, studs, razors, chain, pen/pocket knife, etc. In addition, where individuals may have training in martial arts or similar skills, the use or threatened use of said skills may be considered a dangerous weapon. Other objects used to assault another person or otherwise create a dangerous situation include objects such as a baseball bat, scissors, matches, lighter, etc. While such objects would not always constitute "dangerous weapons", administrators and the school resource officer will review the circumstance of each case and make a reasonable determination about whether a particular object in a student's possession constitutes a dangerous weapon in the school setting. All weapons will be turned over to the police department. Any student who brings a firearm to school must be expelled for a minimum of one year, with exceptions granted by the superintendent.

A controlled substance shall be any substance as defined in M.G.L. Ch. 94C, including but not limited to marijuana, cocaine, heroin, or any substance illegally sold or procured and represented as a controlled substance.

Students are also subject to a long-term suspension by the principal when charged or convicted of a felony based upon the standards and procedures set forth in M.G.L. c.71 sections 37H and 37H ½.

Any student who is removed from school for a disciplinary offense under M.G.L. Ch.71 sections 37H or 37H ½ for more than 10 consecutive days will have an opportunity to receive educational services and make academic progress during the period of removal under the School-Wide Education Services Plan and will be informed at the time of the suspension or expulsion.

Academic Progress

Any student who is suspended or expelled shall have the opportunity to earn credits, make up assignments, tests, papers, and other school work as needed to make academic progress during the period of his or her removal from the classroom or school. The principal shall inform the student and parent of this opportunity in writing, in English and in the primary language of the home, when such suspension or expulsion is imposed.

Any student who is expelled or suspended from school for more than ten (10) consecutive days, whether in school or out of school, shall have an opportunity to receive education services and make academic progress toward meeting state and local requirements through the School-Wide Education Service Plan.

The principal shall present the School-Wide Education Service Plan, which describes the education services that the school district will make available to students who are expelled or suspended from school for more than ten (10) consecutive days. The plan includes the process for notifying such students and their parents of the services and for arranging such services. Education services shall be based on, and be provided in a manner consistent with, the academic standards and curriculum frameworks established for all students under the law.

The principal shall notify the parent and student of the opportunity to receive education services at the time the student is expelled or placed on long-term suspension. Notice shall be provided in English and in the primary language spoken in the student's home if other than English, or other means of communication where appropriate. The notice shall include a list of the specific education services that are available to the student and contact information for a school district staff member who can provide more detailed information.

For each student expelled or suspended from school for more than ten (10) consecutive days, whether in-school or out-of-school, the school district shall document the student's enrollment in education services. For data reporting purposes, the school shall track and report attendance, academic progress, and such other data as directed by the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education.

Review of Discipline Data

The District shall collect and review data regarding in-school suspensions, short-term and long-term suspensions, expulsions, emergency removals, access to education services, and such other information.

The principal of each school shall periodically review discipline data by selected student populations, including but not limited to race and ethnicity, gender, socioeconomic status, English language learner status, and students with disability status in accordance with law and regulation.

Based on the data, the principal shall determine whether there is an over-reliance on suspensions, expulsions or removals of selected student populations compared with other students. The data will be used for school improvement and professional development planning as warranted.

LEGAL REF: M.G.L. 71:37H; 71:37H ½; 71:37H ¾; 76:17; 603 CMR 53.00

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Discipline for Students with Disabilities

Students

1. All students are expected to meet the requirements for behavior as set forth in this Handbook. Chapter 71B of the Massachusetts General Laws, formerly known as Chapter 766, requires that additional provisions be made for students who have been found by an evaluation TEAM to have special needs and whose individualized program is described in an Individualized Educational Plan (IEP). Federal and Massachusetts laws, regulations and policies do not prohibit the suspension of special needs students in all cases. However, when it is permitted, the removal of a student from the program which is prescribed in his/her Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) must be preceded by a more deliberate review of the causes and reasons for the proposed suspension and the development of an alternative program, consistent with federal and state law.
 - a. Students with Special Needs may be suspended for up to ten (10) consecutive days, and may also be suspended in excess of ten (10) cumulative days, as fully outlined under MGL Ch. 71B, and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. Such suspensions may be carried out without any further or additional process.
 - b. Suspensions or exclusions in excess of ten (10) consecutive days or ten (10) cumulative days may also occur, provided that the conduct for which the student is being disciplined is not a manifestation of his/her disability, and the District provides educational services, which will allow the student to access the general curriculum and to make progress toward his/her goals.
2. The IDEA and MGL Ch.71B allow school personnel to move a student with disabilities to an interim alternative educational setting (IAES) for up to 45 school days, if that student is in possession of a dangerous weapon at school or a school function or on school property, is in possession or uses a controlled substance or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school or a school function or on school property, or inflicts serious bodily injury on a person, including him/herself. The appropriate interim alternative educational setting shall be determined by the IEP TEAM.
3. The IDEA and MGL Ch. 71B also allow school personnel the option of asking a hearing officer or a court to move children with disabilities to an interim alternative educational setting for up to 45 school days, if they are substantially likely to injure themselves or others in their current placement.
4. When a special needs student has been suspended for more than ten (10) consecutive or cumulative days in a school year, such that a substantial change in placement is occurring or will occur, the IEP TEAM will meet to conduct a manifestation determination. Relevant members of the TEAM meet for the manifestation

determination, and they answer two questions, after reviewing relevant documents and the misconduct of the student:

- a. Is the misconduct the result of failure to implement the student's IEP? And
 - b. Is the misconduct caused by, or does it have a direct and substantial relationship to the student's disability?
5. A summary of the manifestation determination review will be written and a copy provided to the Parent(s)/guardian(s) as soon as possible after the review, but no later than five (5) school days after the review.
 6. If the TEAM finds that the misconduct was not a manifestation of the student's disability, then the student may be disciplined according to the discipline policy in this handbook. The student will receive educational services during this period of suspension or exclusion. If the TEAM finds that the misconduct was a manifestation of the student's disability, then the school may still be able to implement an IAES (see #2 and #3 above). If the IAES is not possible, then the student will remain in his/her current placement, and the TEAM will arrange for a functional behavioral assessment (if one has not been conducted on the student) and the development or modification of a behavior intervention plan.
 7. The Principal (or designee) will notify the Special Education Office of the suspendable offenses of a special needs student and a record will be kept of such notices.

Students identified as having a disability and provided with a Section 504 plan

1. Students are expected to meet the expectations for behavior identified in this handbook. A student on a Section 504 plan may be disciplined like any other non-disabled student. However, if the student is going to be suspended for ten (10) or more consecutive days, expelled or suspended for more than fifteen (15) cumulative days (and there is a change in placement as a result), then a manifestation determination review shall be conducted. The student's 504 team shall convene, and answer two questions, after reviewing relevant documents and the misconduct of the student.
 - a. Is the misconduct the result of failure to implement the student's 504 plan?
 - b. Is the misconduct caused by, or does it have a direct and substantial relationship to the student's disability?
2. A summary of the manifestation determination review will be written and a copy provided to the Parent(s)/guardian(s) as soon as possible after the review, but no later than five (5) school days after the review.

Readmission of an Expelled Student

A student who has been expelled may apply to the superintendent of schools for readmission into the school system. The superintendent shall use one or more of the following criteria in making the determination to readmit a student who has been expelled from school:

1. The student has successfully completed a treatment program that may include counseling or therapy.
2. The student agrees to a contract that specifies expectations and consequences for failure to meet the expectations.
3. The student agrees to provide references from responsible adults attesting to his/her ability to appropriately participate in the school community.
4. The student agrees to continue counseling with a mutually agreeable counselor and/or meet regularly with an adult mentor as specified by the Principal of the school.

5. The student successfully meets such other conditions specified by the Principal and approved by the superintendent. These additional conditions will be established for the purpose of ensuring the safety and educational well being of the student, staff, and other students.

With respect to the suspension of special needs students for more than ten (10) cumulative days, federal law (see 20 United States Code, Section 1415(k) requires parental consent, or where the parent(s)/legal guardian(s) does not consent, the securing of a judicial order authorizing the exclusion. (Note: There are exceptions for violations involving possession of dangerous weapons possession of controlled substances, or assault of a staff member.)

With respect to the removal of students with special needs from public schools, Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 71B, Section 3, states:

“No School Committee shall refuse a school age child with special needs admission to or continued attendance in public school without the prior written approval of the Department (of Education) and without complying with the department’s regulations and procedures for disciplining students with special needs, where applicable.

No child who is so refused or removed shall be denied an alternative form of education approved by the department, as provided for in section ten, through a tutoring program at home, through enrollment in an institution operated by a state agency, or through any other program which is approved for the child by the department.”

Procedures for the Suspension of Special Needs Students Pursuant to Federal and Massachusetts Regulations

Disciplining Students with Special Needs: Procedures Applicable when Suspension(s) will Accumulate to More than Ten (10) Days in the School Year.

The following provisions shall apply whenever a school administrator proposes to suspend a student with special needs for more than ten (10) cumulative days in a school year.

Definition of Suspension: Suspension shall be defined as any action which results in the removal of a student from the program prescribed in his/her Individualized Educational Plan (IEP). The term includes in-school suspension as well as any exclusion from transportation services which prohibits the student’s participation in his/her prescribed program.

General Requirements:

Each school shall ensure that:

1. Its Code of Conduct is on file with the Department of Education and all student handbooks contain the specific procedures in these regulations for the suspension of a student with special needs;
2. It has an appropriate procedure to notify the Administrator of Special Education of the misconduct for which suspension of a student with special needs for more than ten (10) cumulative days is proposed so that the procedures required can be implemented consistently (See FORM 6);
3. The number and duration of suspensions of students with special needs is recorded and maintained by school administrators;
4. The IEP of every student with special needs indicates whether the student is or is not expected to meet the school’s discipline code, and, if not, what modifications of the code are required, which shall be described in the IEP; and
5. No student with special needs may be suspended may be suspended for more than ten (10) cumulative days in the school year except as provided hereunder.

Meeting to review IEP with student’s special needs:

When it is known that the suspension(s) of a student with special needs will accumulate to ten (10) days in a school year, a review of the IEP will be conducted. Participants in the meeting shall include, but not be limited to, individuals who are trained in the area of the student’s special needs. At that review, the review TEAM will determine whether the student’s misconduct is a manifestation of

the student's special needs, or results from an inappropriate special education program/placement or an IEP that was not fully implemented. Depending on the result of that determination, suspension may or may not be implemented. If the student has demonstrated repeated instances of dangerously assaultive or self-abusive behavior, an emergency evaluation and placement may be made with parental consent.

Circumstances under which the student may not be suspended for more than ten (10) cumulative days:

1. If the TEAM concludes that the student's misconduct is related to the student's special needs or results from an inappropriate special education program or placement or an IEP that was not fully implemented, the student shall not be suspended. Instead, the student's IEP shall be revised to reflect a new program or placement designed to meet the student's needs more effectively, or, if the misconduct resulted from an appropriate IEP that was not fully implemented, all necessary steps shall be taken by the school to ensure that the IEP is fully implemented. If revision of the student's IEP is required, development of an amended or new IEP shall occur;
2. If a new program or placement is designed for the student as a result of the review, the program or placement shall be implemented immediately following parental approval of the IEP. If the parent(s)/legal guardian(s) refuse consent to the IEP, the school or parent(s)/legal guardian(s) may request a hearing to determine the appropriateness of the program. Alternatively, the parties may seek mediation to resolve the dispute. If a hearing is requested, during the pendency of the hearing, the student shall remain in the last agreed upon educational placement (the placement in effect when the dispute arose), unless another placement is agreed upon by the school and the student's parent(s)/legal guardian(s), or a court order permits the school to change the student's placement based on a showing that the student's continued presence in school presents a substantial likelihood of injury to the student or to others.

Circumstances under which suspension may be imposed for more than ten (10) cumulative days:

1. If the school wishes to impose a suspension which results in more than ten (10) cumulative days of suspension in the school year, and the TEAM concludes that: the student's misconduct is not a manifestation to the student's special needs; is not the result of an inappropriate special education program/placement; and the current IEP was fully implemented, the school shall:
 - a. Provide an interim alternative plan for the delivery of special education services to the student during the period of the suspension, which shall be referred to as "the alternative plan";
 - b. Before the student is suspended for more than ten (10) cumulative days, present the interim alternative plan to the student's parent(s)/legal guardian(s) along with the required written notice.
2. A copy of the interim alternative plan must be included in the student's file, which shall also include documentation that demonstrates:
 - a. The school has complied with procedures required by Goss v. Lopez and by the school's Code of Conduct.
 - b. The school has considered less restrictive disciplinary measures, including modifying the student's IEP to set out specific methods of discipline;
 - c. The disciplinary action is for a stated and limited number of days;
 - d. The action is necessary in light of the needs of the student and other students in the school;
 - e. The school administrators have conferred with appropriate special education staff as to the disciplinary action and have followed all the procedures outlined herein including notice to the parent(s) or guardian(s) of their right of appeal.

Court order necessary to authorize suspension:

A school shall not suspend or exclude a student for more than ten (10) cumulative days during the pendency of a Bureau of Special Education Appeals hearing or judicial proceeding brought to challenge a suspension, proposed suspension, or any determination, above, unless the school obtains a court order authorizing a temporary change of the child's educational placement based on a showing that the student's continued presence in school presents a substantial likelihood of injury to the student or to others.

PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS UNDER FEDERAL LAW:

Section 1415(k) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (hereinafter, "IDEA"), codified as 20 U.S.C. §1415(k), sets forth the following procedures with respect to the suspension of students with special needs (and protections for those children not yet eligible for special education and related services):

(k) Placement in alternative educational setting

1. Authority of school personnel
 - a. School personnel may order a change in the placement of a child with a disability –
 - i. to an appropriate interim alternative setting, another setting, or suspension, for not more than 10 school days (to the extent such alternatives would be applied to children without disabilities); and
 - ii. to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for the same amount of time that a child without a disability would be subject to discipline, but for not more than 45 days if –
 1. the child carries a weapon to school or to a school function under the jurisdiction of a state or local educational agency; or
 2. the child knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school or a school function under the jurisdiction of a state or local educational agency.
 - b. Either before or not later than 10 days after taking a disciplinary action described in subparagraph (A) –
 - i. if the local educational agency did not conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such child before the behavior that resulted in the suspension described in subparagraph (A), the agency shall convene an IEP meeting to develop an assessment plan to address that behavior, or
 - ii. if the child already has a behavioral intervention plan, the IEP Team shall review the plan and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior.
2. Authority of hearing officer. A hearing officer under this section may order a change in the placement of a child with a disability to an appropriate interim alternative educational setting for not more than 45 days if the hearing officer –
 - a. determines that the public agency has demonstrated by substantial evidence that maintaining the current placement of such child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others;
 - b. considers the appropriateness of the child's current placement;
 - c. considers whether the public agency has made reasonable efforts to minimize the risk of harm in the child's current placement, including the use of supplementary aids and services; and
 - d. determines that the interim alternative educational setting meets the requirements of paragraph (3)(B).
3. Determination of setting
 - a. In general. The alternative educational setting described in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) shall be determined by the IEP Team.
 - b. Additional requirements. Any interim alternative educational setting which a child is placed under paragraph (1) or (2) shall–
 - i. be selected so as to enable the child to continue to participate in the general curriculum, although in another setting, and to continue to receive those services and modifications,

including those described in the child's current IEP, that will enable the child to meet the goals set out in that IEP; and

- ii. include services and modifications designed to address the behavior described in paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) so that it does not recur.

4. Manifestation determination review

- a. In general. If a disciplinary action is contemplated as described in paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) for a behavior of a child with a disability described in either of those paragraphs, or if a disciplinary action involving a change of placement for more than 10 days is contemplated for a child with a disability who has engaged in other behavior that violated any rule or code of conduct of the local educational agency that applies (to?) all children –
 - i. not later than the date on which the decision to take that action is made, the parents shall be notified of that decision and of all procedural safeguards accorded under this section; and
 - ii. immediately, if possible, but in no case later than 10 school days after the date on which the decision to take that action is made, a review shall be conducted of the relationship between the child's disability and the behavior subject to the disciplinary action.
- b. Individuals to carry out review. A review described in subparagraph (A) shall be conducted by the IEP Team and other qualified personnel.
- c. Conduct of review. In carrying out a review described in subparagraph (A), the IEP Team may determine that the behavior of the child was not a manifestation of such child's disability only if the IEP Team –
 - i. first considers, in terms of the behavior subject to disciplinary action, all relevant information, including –
 1. evaluation and diagnostic results, including such results or other relevant information supplied by the parent of the child;
 2. observations of the child; and
 3. the child's IEP and placement; and
 - ii. then determines that –
 1. in relationship to the behavior subject to disciplinary action, the child's IEP and placement were appropriate and the special education services, supplementary aids and services, and behavior intervention strategies were provided consistent with the child's IEP and placement;
 2. the child's disability did not impair the ability of the child to understand the impact and consequences of the behavior subject to disciplinary action; and
 3. the child's disability did not impair the ability of the child to control the behavior subject to disciplinary action.

5. Determination that behavior was not manifestation of disability

- a. In general. If the result of the review described in paragraph (4) is a determination, consistent with paragraph (4)(C), that the behavior of the child with a disability was not a manifestation of the child's disability, the relevant disciplinary procedures applicable to children without disabilities may be applied to the child in the same manner in which they would be applied to children without disabilities; except as provided in Sec. 1412(a)(1).
- b. Additional requirement. If the public agency initiates disciplinary procedures applicable to all children, the agency shall ensure that the special education and disciplinary records of the child with a disability are transmitted for consideration by the person or persons making the final determination regarding the disciplinary action.

6. Parent appeal
 - a. In general
 - i. If the child's parent disagrees with a determination that the child's behavior was not a manifestation of the child's disability or with any decision regarding placement, the parent may request a hearing.
 - ii. The state or local educational agency shall arrange for an expedited hearing on any case described in this subsection when requested by a parent.
 - b. Review of decision
 - i. In reviewing a decision with respect to the manifestation determination, the hearing officer shall determine whether the public agency has demonstrated that the child's behavior was not a manifestation of such child's disability consistent with the requirements of paragraph (4)(C).
 - ii. In reviewing a decision under paragraph (1)(A)(ii) to place the child in an interim alternative educational setting, the hearing officer shall apply the standards set out in paragraph (2).
7. Placement during appeals
 - a. In general. When a parent requests a hearing regarding a disciplinary action described in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) or paragraph (2) to challenge the interim alternative educational setting or the manifestation determination, the child shall remain in the interim alternative educational setting pending the decision of the hearing officer or until the expiration of the time period provided for in paragraph (1)(A)(ii) or paragraph (2), whichever occurs first, unless the parent and the state or local educational agency agree otherwise.
 - b. Current placement: If a child is placed in an interim alternative educational setting pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii) or paragraph (2) and school personnel propose to change the child's placement after expiration of the interim alternative placement, during the pendency of any proceeding to challenge the proposed change in placement, the child shall remain in the current placement (the child's placement prior to the interim alternative educational setting), except as provided in subparagraph (C).
 - c. Expedited hearing
 - i. If school personnel maintain that it is dangerous for the child to be in the current placement (placement prior to removal to the interim alternative education setting) during the pendency of the due process proceedings, the local educational agency may request an expedited hearing.
 - ii. In determining whether the child may be placed in the alternative educational setting or in another appropriate placement ordered by the hearing officer, the hearing shall apply the standards set out in paragraph (2).
8. Protections for children not yet eligible for special education and related services
 - a. In general. A child who has not been determined to be eligible for special education and related services under this part and who has engaged in behavior that violated any rule or code of conduct of the local educational agency, including any behavior described in paragraph (1), may assert any of the protections provided for in this part if the local educational agency had knowledge (as determined in accordance with this paragraph) that the child was a child with a disability before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred.
 - b. Basis of knowledge. A local educational agency shall be deemed to have knowledge that a child is a child with a disability if –
 - i. The parent of the child has expressed concern in writing (unless the parent is illiterate or has a disability that prevents compliance with the requirements contained in this clause) to personnel

of the appropriate educational agency that the child is in need of special education and related services.

- ii. The behavior or performance of the child demonstrates the need for such services;
 - iii. The parent of the child has requested an evaluation of the child pursuant to Sec. 1414; or
 - iv. The teacher of the child, or other personnel of the local educational agency, has expressed concern about the behavior or performance of the child to the director of special education of such agency or to other personnel of the agency.
- c. Conditions that apply if no basis of knowledge
- i. In general: If a local educational agency does not have knowledge that a child is a child with a disability in accordance with subparagraph (B) prior to taking disciplinary measures against the child, the child may be subjected to the same disciplinary measures as measures applied to children without disabilities who engaged in comparable behaviors consistent with clause (ii).
 - ii. Limitations: If a request is made for an evaluation of a child during the time period in which the child is subject to disciplinary measures under paragraph (1) or (2), the evaluation shall be conducted in an expedited manner. If the child is determined to be a child with a disability, taking into consideration information from the evaluation conducted by the agency and information provided by the parents, the agency shall provide special education and related services in accordance with the provisions of this part, except that, pending the results of the evaluation, the child shall remain in the educational placement determined by school authorities.

9. Referral to and action by law enforcement and judicial authorities

- a. Nothing in this part shall be construed to prohibit an agency from reporting a crime committed by a child with a disability to appropriate authorities or to prevent state law enforcement and judicial authorities from exercising their responsibilities with regard to the application of federal and state law to crimes committed by a child with a disability.
- b. An agency reporting a crime committed by a child with a disability shall ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of the child are transmitted for consideration by the appropriate authorities to whom it reports the crime.

10. Definitions. For the purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:

- a. Controlled substances. The term 'controlled substance' means a drug or other substance identified under schedules I, II, III, IV, or V in Sec. 202(c) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 831(c)).
- b. Illegal drug. The term 'illegal drug' means a controlled substance; but does not include such a substance that is legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed health care professional or that is legally possessed or used under any other authority or Act or under any other provision or federal law.
- c. Substantial evidence. The term 'substantial evidence' means beyond a preponderance of the evidence.
- d. Weapon. The term 'weapon' has the meaning given the term 'dangerous weapon' under paragraph (2) of the first subsection (g) of Sec. 930 of Title 18, United States Code.

Title 18 U.S.C. §930, paragraph (2) of the first subsection (g) provides: "The term 'dangerous weapon' means a weapon, device, instrument, material, or substance, animate or inanimate, that is used for, or is readily capable of causing death or serious bodily injury, except that such term does not include a pocket knife with a blade less than 2 ½ inches in length."

Physical Restraint

School District General Policy

It is the policy of the district to use physical restraint only in emergency situations of last resort, after other lawful and less intrusive alternatives have failed or been deemed inappropriate, and with extreme caution.

In accordance with this policy, physical restraint shall only be used by employees who have received the necessary training under 603 CMR 46.04(2) or 603 CMR 46.04(3). Employees shall use physical restraint with two goals in mind:

1. To administer a physical restraint only when needed to protect a student and/or a member of the school community from assault or imminent, serious, physical harm; and
2. To prevent or minimize any harm to the student as a result of the use of physical restraint.

Program staff shall review and consider any known medical or psychological limitations, known or suspected trauma history, and/or behavioral intervention plans regarding the use of physical restraint on an individual student.

What Constitutes Physical Restraint?

Physical restraint is direct physical contact which prevents or significantly restricts a student's freedom of movement. Physical restraint does not include: brief physical contact to promote safety, providing physical guidance or prompting when teaching a skill, redirecting attention, providing comfort, or a physical escort.

Physical Escort Not a Restraint - A physical escort, defined as a temporary touching or holding, without the use of force, of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back for the purpose of inducing a student that is agitated to walk to a safe location, is not considered to be a physical restraint.

Permitted physical escorts include guiding a student to time-out (if the student is not fighting the re-direction against his/her will), redirecting students by a busy road, or grabbing a student who is about to fall, or breaking up a fight between students.

Who May be Involved in Physical Restraint?

Only staff members who have received training in the use of physical restraint as a member of program staff, or staff members who have received in-depth training as a school-wide resource can administer physical restraint.

When is the Use of Physical Restraint Appropriate?

The use physical restraint is appropriate only in emergency situations of last resort after other lawful and less intrusive alternatives have failed or been deemed inappropriate. In all instances physical restraint must be conducted with extreme caution. Whenever possible, physical restraint must be witnessed by at least one person who is not participating in the restraint.

Emergency Situations - The student represents an imminent danger to self or others.

Last Resort - Other methods of de-escalation or behavior support have been unsuccessful, or would be inappropriate.

When is the Use of Physical Restraint Prohibited?

Physical restraint may not be used in any of the following circumstances:

1. Punishment- Physical restraint as a means of punishment is strictly prohibited.
2. Student Medical Safety Concerns- Physical restraint shall not be used where it cannot be safely implemented because of medical conditions (such as asthma, seizures, a cardiac condition, obesity, bronchitis, communication-related disabilities, or risk of vomiting).
3. Student Misbehavior Not Resulting in Assault or Imminent, Serious, Physical Harm- Physical restraint may not be used in response to a destruction of property, disruption of school order, refusal to comply with a public education program rule or staff directive, or verbal threats when those actions do not constitute a threat of assault, or imminent, serious physical harm.
4. Physical Restraint as a Standard Response - Physical restraint may not be used as a standard response. Employees are required to engage in positive behavioral interventions. No written behavioral or individualized educational program (IEP) may include the use of physical restraint as a standard response to any behavior.*

*Note: Teams must be proactive at IEP meetings to remove references to the use of restraints which were permitted prior to January 1, 2016.

What Amount of Force May be Used When Physical Restraint is Appropriate?

When the use of physical restraint is appropriate, properly trained employee(s) shall only use the amount of force reasonably necessary to protect a student or another member of the school community from assault or from imminent, serious, physical harm.

What Safety Procedures are required in the Use of Physical Restraint?

The use of physical restraint shall be done in the safest method available and appropriate to the situation in a manner to prevent or minimize physical harm. Physical restraint shall not be administered in a manner in which the student is prevented from breathing or speaking.

During the restraint a staff member must continuously monitor the physical status of the student, including skin temperature and color, and respiration. If, at any time during a physical restraint, the student expresses or demonstrates significant physical distress including, but not limited to, difficulty breathing, the student shall be released from the restraint immediately, and school staff shall take steps to seek medical assistance.

What Types of Physical Restraint and Separation Techniques are prohibited?

The use of mechanical restraint, medication restraint, and seclusion are prohibited in all instances. The use of prone restraint is generally prohibited.

Mechanical restraint - Mechanical restraint is defined as the use of any device or equipment to restrict a student's movement.

Medication restraint - Medication restraint is defined as the administration of medication for the purpose of temporarily controlling behavior. Medication prescribed by a licensed physician and authorized by the parent for administration in the school setting is not medication restraint.

Seclusion - Seclusion is defined as the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or area from which the student is physically prevented from leaving.

Prone Restraint - As indicated above, the use of prone restraint is generally prohibited. Prone restraint is a physical restraint in which a student is placed face down on the floor or another surface, and physical pressure is applied to the student's body to keep the student in the face down position.

Prone restraint is prohibited, except when all of the following criteria are met:

- the student has a documented history of repeatedly causing serious injury to self or others;
- all other forms of restraint have been unsuccessful in ensuring safety;
- there are no medical contraindications as documented by a licensed physician;
- there is psychological or behavioral justification with no psychological or behavioral contraindications as documented by a licensed mental health professional;
- the program has obtained consent from the parent to use prone restraint in an emergency, and the consent has been approved in writing by the principal;
- the program has documented all of the above in advance of the use of prone restraint.

How Long May the Physical Restraint Continue?

Any use of physical restraint shall end as soon as the student is no longer an immediate danger to him/herself and/or others.

Principal Approval Required for Restraints In Excess of Twenty (20) Minutes - If a student is restrained for a period longer than twenty (20) minutes, program staff shall obtain the approval of the principal. The approval shall be based upon the student's continued agitation during the restraint justifying the need for continued restraint.

What is the Difference between Seclusion and Time-Out?

Seclusion occurs when a student who is left alone with no staff present or immediately available in an area where the student is prevented from leaving. Seclusion is not permitted under any circumstances.

Time-outs are a permitted behavioral support strategy. Time-outs involve a temporary separation of a student from learning activities or from the classroom, either by choice or by direction of staff for the purpose of calming.

Time-outs must end as soon as the student has calmed. If time-outs are used as a behavioral support strategy, there must be a procedure in place for the use of time-outs that includes a process for obtaining principal approval for time-outs of more than thirty (30) minutes. During a time-out the student must be continually observed by staff member(s). Staff member(s) must be with the student or immediately available to the student at all times.

The space used for time-out must be clean, safe, sanitary, and appropriate for the purpose of calming.

What Notification is Required Following the Use of Physical Restraint?

Employee Notification to Principal - Employees who administered restraint are required to verbally inform the principal as soon as possible, and submit a written report no later than the next school day.

Parent Notification - The principal or director of pupil services, or his/her designee, will make reasonable efforts to verbally notify the student's parents of the physical restraint within twenty-four (24) hours of the event. A written report will be sent to the parents/guardians within three (3) school days by an email provided to the school by the parent/guardian or postmarked within three (3) school days by regular mail. If the parent/guardian receives school-related information in a language other than English, the written report shall be provided in such non-English language. The student and parents/guardians shall have the right to respond to the use of physical restraint as well as the content of the report verbally or in writing.

What Must be Included in the Written Report to Parents/Guardians Following a Restraint?

The written report to parents within three (3) school days must include the following:

1. The name of the student; the names and job titles of the staff who administered the restraint, and observers, if any; the date of the restraint; the time the restraint began and ended; and the name of the principal or designee who was verbally informed following the restraint; and, as applicable, the name of the principal or designee who approved continuation of the restraint beyond 20 minutes pursuant to 603 CMR 46.05(5) (c).
2. A description of the activity in which the restrained student and other students and staff in the same room or vicinity were engaged immediately preceding the use of physical restraint; the behavior that prompted the restraint; the efforts made to prevent escalation of behavior, including the specific de-escalation strategies used; alternatives to restraint that were attempted; and the justification for initiating physical restraint.
3. A description of the administration of the restraint including the holds used and reasons such holds were necessary; the student's behavior and reactions during the restraint; how the restraint ended; and documentation of injury to the student and/or staff, if any, during the restraint and any medical care provided.
4. Information regarding any further action(s) that the school has taken or may take, including any consequences that may be imposed on the student.
5. Information regarding opportunities for the student's parents to discuss with school officials the administration of the restraint, any consequences that may be imposed on the student, and any other related matter.

What Action Other than the Written Report is Required Following a Restraint?

The district is required to take certain follow up procedures in addition to the report. The follow-up procedures required are dependent upon whether the student was restrained once over the course of a week, or was restrained multiple times over the course of the week.

Single Restraint of Student in the Course of a Week - After the release of a student from a restraint, the district shall review the incident with the student to address the behavior that precipitated the restraint, review the incident with the staff person(s) who administered the restraint to discuss whether proper restraint procedures were followed, and consideration of whether any follow-up is appropriate for students who witnessed the incident.

Multiple Restraints of Student in the Week - The principal is required to conduct weekly reviews of restraint data. If the principal identifies a student or student(s) who have been identified as being restrained multiple times during the course of the week, the principal shall convene a team to assess the restrained student's progress and needs. This assessment shall include at least the following:

1. review and discussion of the written reports and any comments provided by the student and parent about such reports and the use of the restraints;
2. analysis of the circumstances leading up to each restraint, including factors such as time of day, day of the week, antecedent events, and individuals involved;
3. consideration of factors that may have contributed to escalation of behaviors, consideration of alternatives to restraint, including de-escalation techniques and possible interventions, and such other strategies and decisions as appropriate, with the goal of reducing or eliminating the use of restraint in the future;
4. agree on a written plan of action by the program.

*Note- If the principal directly participated in the restraint, a duly qualified individual designated by the superintendent or board of trustees shall lead the review team's discussion. The principal shall ensure that a record of each individual student review is maintained and made available for review by the Department or the parent, upon request.

Principal Monthly Review

As mentioned above, the principal is required to conduct weekly reviews to determine if any students have been physically restrained multiple times. Additionally, the principal shall conduct a monthly review of school-wide restraint data. This review shall consider patterns of use of restraints by similarities in the time of day, day of the week, or individuals involved; the number and duration of physical restraints school-wide and for individual students; the duration of restraints; and the number and type of injuries, if any, resulting from the use of restraint. The principal shall determine whether it is necessary or appropriate to modify the school's restraint prevention and management policy, conduct additional staff training on restraint reduction/prevention strategies, such as training on positive behavioral interventions and supports, or take such other action as necessary or appropriate to reduce or eliminate restraints.

What Information Is Reported to the State Regarding the Use of Physical Restraint?

Injury reports and annual data on the use of physical restraints must be reported to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (Department).

Injury reports - All restraint-related injuries will be reported by the District to the Department. When a physical restraint has resulted in an injury to a student or program staff member, the program shall send a copy of the written report detailed above postmarked no later than three (3) school days of the administration of the restraint. The District shall also send the Department a copy of the record of physical restraints written reports for the thirty (30) day period prior to the date of the reported restraint. Within thirty (30) calendar days the Department will determine if any action is warranted.

Annual report - The District will collect data concerning every use of physical restraint and report such data to the Department on an annual basis. Such data shall be reported in a manner and form directed by the Department.

Staff Training Requirements

Annually, the District will conduct general staff training covering information on the role of the student, family, and staff in preventing restraint. The training will cover the District's restraint prevention and behavior support policy and procedures, including the use of time-out as distinct from seclusion.

Staff will be instructed in interventions that could be used to preclude the need for restraint, as well as de-escalation techniques and other alternatives. Staff will also receive information on the types of permitted physical restraints and related safety considerations, including medical or psychological limitations, known or suspected trauma history. Staff who have received or will receive in-depth training and who can serve as resources to others should be identified to the school staff as a whole.

For those staff members who will receive in-depth training, the Department recommends that the training in the use of physical restraint be at least 16 hours and include an annual refresher training. Such training must include at least the following:

- Appropriate procedures for preventing the use of physical restraint, including the de-escalation of problematic behavior, relationship building and the use of alternatives to restraint;

- A description and identification of specific dangerous behaviors on the part of students that may lead to the use of physical restraint and methods for evaluating the risk of harm in individual situations in order to determine whether the use of restraint is warranted;
- The simulated experience of administering and receiving physical restraint, instruction regarding the effect(s) on the person restrained, including instruction on monitoring physical signs of distress and obtaining medical assistance;
- Instruction regarding documentation and reporting requirements and investigation of injuries and complaints;
- Demonstration by participants of proficiency in administering physical restraint; and,
- Instruction regarding the impact of physical restraint on the student and family, recognizing the act of restraint has impact, including but not limited to psychological, physiological, and social-emotional effects.

Procedures for Receiving and Investigating Complaints

Before initiating a formal complaint procedure, a student or his/her parent/guardian who has concerns regarding a specific use of a physical restraint, may seek to resolve his/her concerns regarding specific use of a physical restraint by raising the issue with the principal. The student and/or his/her parent/guardian should direct their concerns regarding a specific use of a physical restraint to the principal within ten (10) days of the parent/guardian's receipt of the written report from the school. The principal shall attempt, within his/her authority to work with the individual to resolve the complaint fairly and expeditiously. If the student and/or his/her parent/guardian are not satisfied with the resolution, or if the student and/or his/her parent/guardian does not choose informal resolution, then the student and/or his/her parent/guardian may proceed with the formal complaint process.

A student or his/her parent/guardian, who has concerns regarding specific use of a physical restraint, may seek to resolve concerns regarding a specific use of a physical restraint by submitting a written complaint to the Office of the Superintendent. The student and /or his/her parent/guardian should submit this letter to the Office of the Superintendent within twenty (20) days of the parent/guardian's receipt of the written report from the school. The written complaint shall include (a) the name of student; (b) the name of the school where the physical restraint allegedly occurred; (c) the name of the individuals involved in the alleged physical restraint; (d) the basis of the complaint or concern; and (e) the corrective action to be sought.

The Office of the Superintendent, through its designees, shall conduct an investigation into the complaint promptly after receiving the complaint. In the course of its investigation, the Office of the Superintendent and/or its designees shall contact those individuals that have been referred to as having pertinent information related to the complaint. Strict timelines cannot be set for conducting the investigation because each set of circumstances is different. The Office of the Superintendent and/or designees will make sure the complaint is handled as quickly as feasible. After completing the formal investigation, the Office of the Superintendent shall contact the individual who filed the complaint regarding the outcome of its investigation and its determination as to whether any corrective action is warranted.

Adoption date:	January 10, 2006
Re-adoption date:	May 27, 2014
Revised:	January 5, 2016
Revised:	March 5, 2018

Meal Charge Policy

The School Committee is committed to providing students with healthy, nutritious meals each day so they can focus on school work, while also maintaining the financial integrity of meal programs and minimizing any impact on students with meal charges. However, unpaid meal charges place a large financial burden on the school district, as food services is a self-supporting entity within the district. The purpose of this policy is to ensure compliance with federal reporting requirements of the USDA Child Nutrition Program, as well as provide oversight and accountability for the collection of outstanding student meal balances.

The provisions of this policy pertain to regular priced school meals only. The School Committee will provide a regular meal to students who forget or lose their lunch money.

Meal Charges and Balances

Students will pay for meals at the regular rate approved by the School Committee and for their meal status (regular, reduced-price, or free) each day. Payment options will be delineated in student handbooks and provided to parents of incoming students. After the balance reaches zero and enters the negative, students will not be allowed to purchase a la carte items including but not limited to a second entrée, snack, ice cream, or an additional beverage. The student will still be allowed to take a meal, and that meal will continue to be charged to the account at the standard lunch rate based on their meal status. The parent/guardian is responsible for any meal charges incurred. If there is a financial hardship, a parent/guardian should contact food services directly to discuss payment options such as an individualized repayment plan.

Payments

Parents/Guardians are responsible for all meal payments to the food service program. Notices of low or deficit balances will be sent directly to parent/guardians via email or regular postal mail at regular intervals during the school year. At no time shall any staff member give payment notices to students unless that student is known to be an emancipated minor who is fully responsible for him/herself or over the age of 18. If parent/guardians have issues with student purchases they should contact food services for assistance.

Parents/Guardians may pay for meals in advance. Further details are available on the school district webpage and in student handbooks. Funds should be maintained in accounts to minimize the possibility that a child may be without meal money on any given day. Any remaining funds for a particular student, whether positive or negative, will be carried over to the next school year.

All school cafeterias possess computerized point of sale/cash register systems that maintain records of all monies deposited and spent for each student and those records are available to parents by setting up an online account (see student handbooks for more details) or by speaking with the school's food service manager. The point of sale system is designed to prevent direct identification of a student's meal status. Parents will receive automated low-balance emails or mailed notices weekly, if applicable. If notices do not result in payment, parents will receive a phone call from food services. If the phone call does not result in payment the food service manager shall turn the account over to the business office.

Refunds

Refunds for withdrawn and/or graduating students require a written request (email, postal, or in person) for a refund of any money remaining in their account to be submitted. Graduating students also have the option to transfer funds to a sibling's account or to donate to a student in need with a written request.

Delinquent Accounts/Collections

Failure to maintain up-to-date accounts may result in a delay of a student's extra-curricular school services, especially those that are fee based. Graduating seniors may lose the ability to participate in certain graduation related activities.

The Superintendent shall ensure that there are appropriate and effective collection procedures and internal controls within the school district's business office that meet the requirements of law.

If a student is without meal money on a consistent basis, the administration may investigate the situation more closely and take further action as needed. If financial hardship exists, parents and families are encouraged to apply for free or reduced price lunches for their child. Each school handbook shall contain detailed instructions for parental assistance.

Policy Communications

This policy shall be communicated to all staff and families at the beginning of each school year and to families transferring to the district during the year.

LEGAL REFS: MGL 71:72; USDA School Meal Program Guidelines May 2017

CROSS REFS: JQ, Student Fees, Fines & Charges

SOURCE: MASC February 2018

Approved: March 5, 2018

Section IV: Appendices

Appendix A:

Electronic Information Acceptable Use Policy

Introduction and Mission

The mission of South Hadley Public Schools Electronic Information System is to provide students, faculty, and staff access to information and learning opportunities locally, nationally, and intentionally. Further, South Hadley Public Schools believe that the educational benefit of electronic information is paramount to the future success of students and to the overall success of the educational process. For this reason, South Hadley Public Schools believe that the potential benefits of electronic information far exceed any disadvantages of access of materials inconsistent with the educational goals of South Hadley Public Schools.

This policy includes but is not limited to classroom and lab computers, Internet, Electronic Mail, satellite transmissions, and telecommunications use. The policy outlines appropriate use. It is not meant to discourage use of the Internet and other sources of electronic information.

South Hadley Public Schools recognize and support each family's right to decide whether to allow their student to have access to the Internet. The student and his/her parent(s) or guardian(s) should discuss these rights and responsibilities. Ultimately, parent(s) and guardian(s) are responsible for setting and conveying the standard that their child should follow.

In order to use the South Hadley Public Schools' Electronic Information System, students must sign an Acceptable Use Contract agreeing to act within the guidelines of this policy. Parents or guardians must also sign to confirm their understanding of the provisions of this policy.

Regulation of Use:

The use of the information system is a privilege, not a right. Inappropriate use will result in a cancellation of those privileges. The administration, staff, or faculty of South Hadley Public Schools may request that an individual's privilege be revoked or suspended in response to a violation. Discipline will be handled through the existing individual school policies and the South Hadley Public Schools' Policies and Procedures.

On a global network such as the Internet, effectively controlling content of information is impossible. South Hadley Public Schools will make every effort to protect students and teachers from misuse and inappropriate materials. However, the user has the responsibility not to initiate access to materials that is inconsistent with the educational goals of South Hadley Public Schools.

Unacceptable use of the Electronic Information System will result in the suspension or revoking of these privileges and could further cause school disciplinary action to be pursued. Some examples of such unacceptable use are as follows:

- Using the system for any illegal activity, including violation of copyright or other contracts.
- Using the system for financial or commercial gain.
- Degrading or disrupting equipment or system performance.
- Vandalizing the data of another user.
- Using finite resources wastefully.
- Gaining unauthorized access to resources or entities.
- Invading the privacy of individuals.
- Using the password owned by another user.
- Posting another individual's communication without the author's consent.
- Posting anonymous messages.
- Violating school district policies.
- Violating local, state or federal laws.
- Unauthorized downloading and/or loading of software on any school technology device.
- The network and the Internet are to be used in an appropriate manner at all times.

Misuse may take various forms, but specifically includes any messages sent or received that indicates or suggests pornography, unethical or illegal solicitation, racism, sexism, inappropriate language, and other issues described above.

The Administration of South Hadley High School reserves the right to review and/or edit any student work posted on any school district owned server.

Disclaimer:

South Hadley Public Schools makes no warranties of any kind, whether expressed or implied, for the electronic information service it is providing. South Hadley Public Schools will not be responsible for any damages suffered while on the system. These damages can include loss of data as a result of delays, non-deliveries, or service interruptions caused by the system and user errors or omissions. Use of any information obtained via the information system is at the user's own risk. Furthermore, South Hadley Public Schools specifically disclaims any responsibility for the accuracy of the information obtained through its electronic information services.

South Hadley High School Bullying Incident Report Form

(Appendix B)

Directions: Incidents of bullying/harassment/intimidation are serious offenses and will not be tolerated. If you are a student, the parent/guardian of a student, a volunteer or visitor, and wish to report an incident of alleged bullying/harassment/intimidation, complete this form and return it to the Principal or Administrative Designee at the student's school. All school employees are required to report alleged violations. Contact the school for additional information or assistance at any time. This form can be completed anonymously by omitting signature and name and returning to the school main office or guidance department. **Every** reported act of bullying will be investigated, and parents/guardians will be informed.

Name of Student Target: _____

Grade/School: _____ Date: _____

Name(s) of Alleged Offenders _____ Grade _____ School _____ Is he/she a student? Yes No
 _____ Yes No

Incident Date: ____ / ____ / ____ Approximate Time: _____

Where did the incident occur? (Check all that apply)	What happened during the incident? (Check all that apply)	Did a physical injury result from this incident? (Check one)
<input type="checkbox"/> School Bus/Stop <input type="checkbox"/> To/From School <input type="checkbox"/> Text/Phone/Internet/ Social Media <input type="checkbox"/> School sponsored activity <input type="checkbox"/> Event off school property <input type="checkbox"/> School Grounds <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Taunting <input type="checkbox"/> Retaliation <input type="checkbox"/> Threat <input type="checkbox"/> Humiliation <input type="checkbox"/> Intimidation <input type="checkbox"/> Exclusion <input type="checkbox"/> Stalking <input type="checkbox"/> Physical Contact <input type="checkbox"/> Extortion/Theft <input type="checkbox"/> Cyber-bullying <input type="checkbox"/> Other	<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, medical attention required (____ # of school days lost) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, medical attention NOT required Did student miss school for emotional reasons? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes(____ # of school days lost) <input type="checkbox"/> No Have there been other reported or non-reported incidents with the Alleged Aggressor(s) in the past? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, describe those incidents in the space provided.

Describe this incident: _____

[Note any unreported incidents that may have occurred in the past (use the back of this sheet for additional space)]

Are you: Student Faculty/Staff Parent/Guardian Other: _____

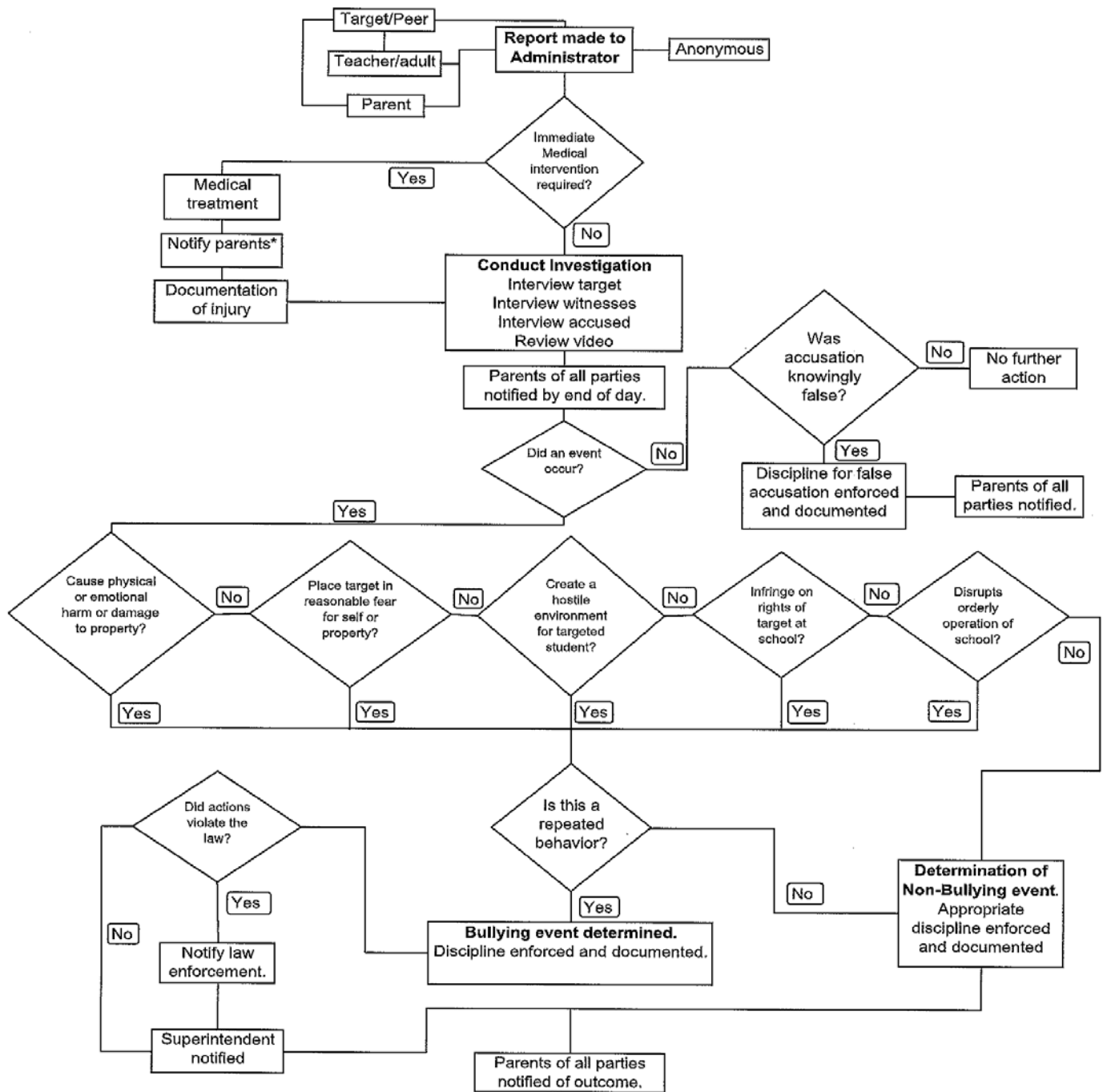
Leave blank if reporting anonymously.

Person reporting incident: (Please Print) _____

If not a student, telephone/cell Information: _____

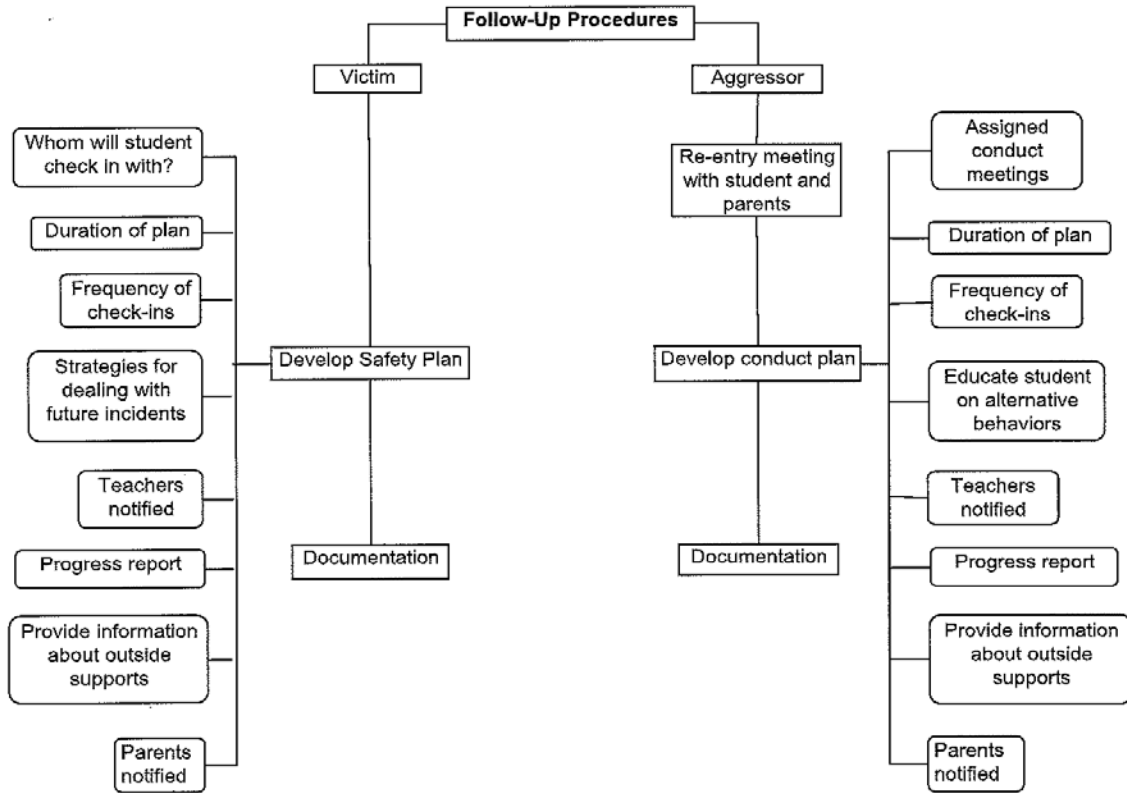
Signature: _____ Date: ____

South Hadley Schools Bullying Flowchart



*The term "parents" anywhere in this document refers to parents or legal guardians.

South Hadley Schools Bullying Flowchart



*The term "parents" anywhere in this document refers to parents or legal guardians.